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U.N. experts end Iraq mission

MANAMA (AP) - A 16-member team of U.N. ballistic missile experts returned Saturday from a weeklong mission in Iraq to prepare for a crucial visit by their leader. Rolf Ekeus. Mr. Ekeus, due in Baghdad Tuesday will be firming up a long-term weapons monitoring plan to ensure that the Iraqis do not try to revive production of weapons of mass destruction. In return, the Iraqis are demanding a quick end to the oil embargo that has been in force against Baghdad since the August 1990 invasion of Kuwait. Mr. Ekeus has said he will recommend the lifting of the embargo to the U.N. Security Council about six months after the monitoring begins. The team that came out Saturday was led by Nikita Smidovich, a Russian aide, to Mr. Ekeus. who is a Swede. Mr. Smidovich's team went to Iraq to fill gaps in baseline data needed for the monitoring plan in the field of ballistic missiles. The mission included gathering information and checking out Iraqi-provided data on industrial facilities that Baghdad could secretly convert to develop long-range Scud-type missiles prohibited under the



Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز بومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والراىء Rebel bombs and rockets hit Kabali

ISLAMABAD (R) — Rebels fighting Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani attacked residential areas of the capital Kabul with bombs and rockets Saturday, killing and wounding several people, official Kabul Radio said. Six rebel planes bombed several districts seven times, killing or wounding an unspecified number of people as factional fighting entered its fifth week, according to the broadcast monitored in Islamabad. The forces of an anti-Rabbani council led by Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hatemaryar and northern warlord General Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar and northern warlord General Abdul Rashid Dostum fired & rockets and mortar bombs, it said. The two sides also fired at each other's positions with artillery and machineguns, Afghan source, said. They said the fighting, which began on Jan. 1, was not as intense as on the previous two days. The Defence Ministry was among targets hit by planes controlled by Gen.

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AMMAN SUNDAY, JANUARY 30, 1994, SHA'BAN 18, 1414

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Israeli group urges Golan settlers to quit

TEL AVIV (AFP) — About 100 Israelis Saturday urged Jewish settlers on the Golan Heights to pay "the price for peace" and prepare to have the land returned to Syria. The group, which came mainly from Tel Aviv and its suburbs, carried signs and pamphlets urging the more than 12,000 settlers on the territory to "accept the price for peace" with Damascus. Residents of several of the 33 settlements on the Heights accused the group of wanting to sell out the Golan. The rally ended peacefully without police interven-

Yemen negotiates to free French hostages

SANAA (R) — Yemeni authorities negotiated Saturday for the release of three French tourists kidnapped by tribesmen seeking to force the government to route a planned road across their land. The three, including two women, were captured Sunday. Securty sources said they were "in ood health and had not been h armed" and that efforts were ni nderway to secure their rele ase. "The hope and expectation is that they will be freed scion, probably today or to morrow," one diplomatic so urce said.

C lerides ready to resume talks

NI₁COSIA (AFP) — Greek Cypriot President Glafkos Cle ricles said Saturday he was rea dy to discuss U.N. con ficience-building measures if the Turkish-Cypriot side for-mall y accepted U.N. proposals as 1 first step towards the reun if ication of Cyprus. Mr. Clericles said in a letter Thursday (C. U.N. Secretary General Bout ros Ghali, released Saturday, that he "emphatically, clear ly and unequivocally" accepted "the principles of the ready to resume U.N.-

spon sored talks with the

EU and GCC to mee it on energy

Turki sh-Cypriots.

MAN AMA (R) — Officials from 6 Julf Arab states and the Europ san Union (EU) will meet in Muscat in April to discuss cociperation in energy. a Bahi aini oil official said in remark s plublished Saturday. Rashid Al Dhabib, chief of the Develo pment and industry Ministri /'s pil department, told Bahrair i's daily Akhbar Al Khaleei that the April 19-20 meeting would review how to improve energy and technology trade between the two groups. The six Gulf Cooperation Couracil (GCC) states oppose it proposed European energy trax on their vital exports of crude oil and its products. The tax row has overshadoweci talks between the two groups, which for years have been trying to reach a accord.

Hue elescted French Communist leader

PARIS (A.FP) — The French Commun ist Party (PCF) elected 1 ttle-known party bureaucrat Robert Hue to succeed hard ine veteran leader Georges Marchais at the end of its five-day congress Saturday. Mr. Hue 47, mayor of Montigny-le s-Cormeilles, near Paris, and president of the lected co nmunist officials sociation, was selected by the PCF na tional committee, formerly kne wn as the central

4 held for at tack on Britonis in Bosnia

SARAJEVO , (R) - Muslimled Bosnian authorities have detained four men for the abduction of three British aid workers in centiral Bosnia in which one was shot dead, U.N. officials said Suturday. Gunmen command sigred a car carrying the Britons, all U.N. convoy drivers, to a desolate area outside Zuinica on Thursday, ordered them out and opened fire, k illing one and wounding the eather two. The assailants drov e off with the car. (see page | 3).

Jordanian diplomat assassinated in Beirut Jordan vows to pursue his assailants

Combined agency dispatches

A GUNMAN SHOT and killed Jordan's second-ranking diplomat in Beirut Saturday, the first assassination of a foreign diplomat since Lebanon's 15year civil war ended in 1990.

Police said an assassin with an apparently unarmed accomplice killed Nayeb Imran Maaytah as he was driving from a parking lot near his house in the seaside Raouche residential district at 9:30 a.m. (0730 GMT).

The attack marked a blow to the government's efforts to clean up Lebanon's image during the civil war years as a haven for assassins, kidnappers, bombers and hijackers

(see page 10). Witnesses said the gunman, armed with a 9-mm pistol and dressed in a grey sweater, approached Mr. Maaytah's dark grey Mercedes 500 and pumped at least seven bullets through the driver's window.

Most of the bullets pierced Mr. Maayta's head and neck and he died instantly, police said. The assassin and his accomplice fled. Mr. Maaytah was on his way

to the embassy at Sakiet Janzeer, a few minutes' drive away, when he was killed.

"I saw the gunman standing close to the car and firing,

said a witness who wanted to be identified only as Ghada. Howling winds and pouring rain muffled the sound of the shots, said Ghada, who was gazing out of a first-floor window overlooking the scene.

Abu Nader, another witness, said he saw the gunman and an accomplice dressed in a black leather jacket and carrying no visible weapons fleeing down a nearby side street that leads into Raouche's crowded seaside boulevard.

"The assassin was holding the gun high. We first thought it (the gun) was a folded umbrella," said Abu Nader. 'The two men didn't look like terrorists. They were both clean-shaven and unmasked."

their full names, saying they feared retribution. Mr. Maaytah's body was taken to the American University hospital, where it was

Witnesses refused to give

identified by Jordan's ambas-sador, Fakhri Abu Taleb. A Jordanian plane later flew the body to Amman. Army officers carried the coffin of Mr. Maaytah, 43,

from a military plane after it

landed at Amman airport from

"Allah u Akbar," shouted grieved relatives as the coffin., draped in a Jordanian flag, wais put in an ambulance deckerd with wreaths. "Glory to Jor-dan... down with the traitors," they said.

Over 1,000 relatives of Mir. Maaytah, who came from a leading tribe in southern Jordan, gathered at the airport. Many sobbed hysterically. Prime Minister Rafik Hariri

called the assassination an 'ugly crime." Foreign Minister Faris Bouez and Interior Minister Bishara Mirhaj contacted Amman to promise swift action to arrest the cul-

No one immediately claimed responsibility for the assassination. Ambassador Abu Taleb said the attack was politically motivated and carried cut by 'professional killers.'

Those who planned it. don't want stability and security for Lebanon and don't accept Jordan's policies," he said before accompanying Mr. Ma aytah's

Jordan, Lebanon, Syria and Palestinians have been negotiating with Israel for the past

(Continued on page 5)

Nayeb Maaytah's body flown home; King: Assassins will not go unpunished

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein has deplored the killing of Jordanian diplomat Nayeb Maaytah in Beirut Saturday as a dastardly crime that would not go unpunished.

Such attacks and heinous crimes can only bolster our determination to pursue our goal as a united family walking bravely in the sun and not in dark vaults and shade concocting acts of crime and aggression," said King Hussein in a message addressed to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent.

"Let all people know that we are the soldiers of the nation who fear no death in our defence of what is right, life, peace, the right of our nation to live and the right of the coming generations to a decent and secure life," King Hussein

"Nayeb Imran Maaytah was destined to follow in the footsteps of the other martyrs, but as to the rats and bats infesting the dark and also those behind them directing these acts will be damned and crushed whereever they might be found," said King Hussein.

"Vengeance for our martyr is a task for us all as one united family against the villains and the murderers," the King said. The Regent said Jordan would pursue its steadfastness

(Continued on page 5)

ited States on Saturday and

said His Majesty King Hussein's visit to the U.S. was

highly successful, fruitful and

arrival statement.



Army soldiers carry the coffin containing the body of Nayeb Imran Masytsh, the first secretary at Jordan's embassy in Beirut, from a plane which flew it to Amman Saturday evening. Mr.

Maaytah (inset) was shot dead by a gunman is Beirut early Saturday (photo by Yousef Al

Jordan seeks land-based inspection Majali returns, says King's of cargo to enforce Iraq sanctions U.S. visit highly successful

pack use of confidence-building meas ures." He also said he was returned by to resume U.N. The sum of the confidence of the confidence building meas ures. The also said he was returned by to resume U.N. The sum of the confidence building well as the peace process on all the confidence of the confidence building well as the peace process on all the confidence of the confidence building well as the peace process on all the confidence of the c

By Rana Sabbagh Reuter

AMMAN -- Amman hopes to replace U.S.-led sea searches of Jordan-bound vessels with inspection on land by a private organisation to ease damage to its economy, officials said on Saturday.

The United States, they said, reacted positively to the Jordanian proposal raised during talks in Washington this week between King Hussein and U.S. officials.

"We are working out details of this proposal under which a neutral non-governmental body like Lloyds (Register) would carry out the inspection at Jordan's Red Sea port of Agaba in coordination with the government." a Jordanian official told Reuters.

"In principle, they (Americans) are looking into the matter favourably and we expect that in no time it will materialise," said the official, who re-

quested anonymity.
"The proposal is in com-

DAVOS, Switzerland (Agencies) — Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) Chairman

Yasser Arafat and Israeli Fore-

ign Minister Shimon Peres

were set here Saturday to

make a new bid to end the

impasse over negotiations on

Mr. Arafat arrived from

Tunis on Saturday and was to

have talks at a heavily guarded

local hotel with Mr. Peres out-

Forum in this Alpine resort

side the World Economic

But both sides were playing

down chances for a break-

through in stalled discussions

on limited self-rule for the

Palestinians in the West Bank

town of Jericho and the Gaza

Mr. Arafat left Tunisia after

appealing to U.S. President

Bill Clinton for help in break-

ing the deadlock, which he

blamed on the Israelis. He

made the same request of Brit-

ish Prime Minister John Major

Strip.

Palestinian autonomy.

pliance with U.N. resolutions but bears a less negative imnact on the economy," he

U.S. embassy officials were not immediately available for

Jordan has complained bitterly of the searching of ships headed to Aqaba under U.S. efforts to enforce a trade embargo imposed on Iraq after its August 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

The policy, labelled "the siege of Aqaba" by Jordan, has pushed up shipping costs, con-tributing to a nearly 30 per cent fall in business for the port, a main entry point for Iraq's non-embargoed goods.

Diplomats and officials said

Jordan also pursued the plan with the U.N. Security Council although Washington has the major say in any change. The searches have diverted millions of dollars in business to Turkey. Syria and Iran.

Expectation low in Davos talks

Mr. Peres, who arrived here

in a snowstorm Friday, said

"many differences" remained

to be ironed out before Israeli

troops could withdraw from

the two areas: but he hoped

the talks could be accelerated.

"There will be no break in the negotiations," he told Israeli Television. "They will

continue even if we do not

The chief Israeli diplomat

met here earlier Saturday with

Egyptian Foreign Minister

Amr Musa but there was no

word on the substance of their

Both sides said major prob-

lems remained in fainalising an

Israeli withdrawal that will

allow Palestinian self-rule in

the Gaza Strip and and

Jericho, under the general

terms of the agreement signed

in Washington last September.

airport, Mr. Arafat told Swiss

radio that no breakthrough

Israeli radio reported that

Upon his arrival at Zurich

discussions.

was imminent.

reach an accord in Davos."

On Thursday Jordan's Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali told a U.N. committee supervising sanctions that Am-

man was complying strictly. He said sanctions cost Jordan \$300 million a vear.

Amman has complained previously the 15-nation committee was slow or inconsistent in handling applications to export humanitarian goods to Bagh-

Jordanian officials said the new proposals, unlike previous ones, would face no major opposition inside the Kingdom because it does not infringe Jordan's sovereignty.

King Hussein rejected American proposals in 1992 to replace sea searches with U.N. inspectors at Agaba and the Jordan-Iraq border.

Joint commission

Jordan and the United States have a greed to set up a joint commission to enhance wide-ranging; cooperation, a Jordanian official said.

expectations of an immediate

result were "below zero" in

"I just hope for the best,"

Mr. Perres told a crowd of

waiting journalists as he en-

tered the luxury hotel where

the talks were due to be held.

have a one-on-one meeting

"because that is the way

they've been able to solve

problems before," said a

source close to the Israeli De-

at 8.15 p.m. (1915 GMT) but

there was no immediate con-

firmation on whether they had

The Egyptian Middle East

News Agency said earlier in

Cairo that Mr. Arafat had

asked Nabil Shaath, head of

the Palestinian delegation to

the peace talks, at the last

minute to joint him in Davos.

(Continued on page 5)

Mr. Arafat arrived at the

The talks were due to begin

legation.

The two men planned to

Mr. Peres' delegation.

The move, agreed during talks between King Hussein and U.S. leaders in Washington earlier this week, is a major indicator of the dramatic

improvement in Jordanian-American ties since being chilled by the 1990 Gulf crisis, he added.

"This joint commission will facilitate consultation and cooperation on political, economic and security issues," the official, who requested anonymity, told Reuters.

He said the committee would hold two meetings a year — alternating between Washington and Amman. No decision had been made on what level it would be co-

Jordan, among Washington's key allies in the Middle East, angered the United States with its apparent sympathy for Baghdad during the Gulf crisis, sparked by Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

But bilateral ties have improved on the strength of Jordan's backing for U.S.-led Middle East peace talks and its compliance with U.N. trade sanctions imposed on Iraq, its. key trading partner and power-

territories

OCCUPPIED JERUSALEM

(Agencies) - Two Palestinian

youths were wounded Satur-

day when troops fired at stone

throwers outside a soccer sta-

dium in the occupied Gaza

Strip, Arab reporters said. The two, ages 12 and 18,

were among a crowd of about

1,000 people who left the Gaza

City stadium after a soccer

match, when an army jeep

passed by. Some fans threw

stones, and soldiers opened

fire to disperse the crowd, the

In the Fateh Hawks vigilante

group linked to Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO)

faction claimed responsibility

in a statement read over a

Meanwhile. Fatch and its

rival Hamas demonstrated

their ability to cooperate when

(Continued on page 5)

mosque loudspeaker.

reporters said.

2 injured in occupied

fications.

Mr. Dawoudiyeh said the

The committee, which started its hearings Saturday. said in a statement issued after a closed meeting it held with two former ministers of health that the two former officials had provided it with all relevant information they had to its investigation.

"We were gratified to see

he added. In reply to a question about his talks with U.N. Secretary

Dr. Majali accompanied King Hussein during the talks the Monarch held with U.S. President Bill Clinton and senior American administration officials on the peace process and issues of mutual con-

"The King's visit to the United States was extremely important and very useful at all levels," Dr. Majali said in an

The Jordanian and the American sides discussed ways

the United States understanding the Jordanian position with regard to the peace process,"

General Boutros Ghali and the U.N. Security Council Sanctions Committee on the implementation of the U.N. sanctions against Iraq, Dr. Majali said he had presented a briefing on the damages caused to the Jordanian people and economy since August 1990 when

the sanctions were imposed. "We saw a complete understanding of our position." he

as the peace process on all to do all that was possible to deal with the question of inspection of Aqaba-bound ves-

Dr. Majali said the U.N. officials he met were cooperative and showed keenness to help reduce the adverse effects on the Kingdom of the en-forcement of the sanctions.

Dr. Majali said he also met with the directors of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to discuss their aid to Jordan's eco-

Returning home with the prime minister were the King's advisor Marwan Al Qasem. Deputy Prime Minister Saeed Al Tal and other officials.

House panel begins report on food, medicine situation

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — The Public Freedoms Committee of the Lower House of Parliament is preparing what its president, Mohammad Dawoudiyeh, called "a detailed, neutral and scientific" report on allegations by Minister of Health Abdul Rahim Malhas that a good quality of food and medicine that reaches the market does not meet standards and speci-

report would be based on information the committee would obtain through hearings it is conducting with a number of former health ministers and officials on the charges Dr. Malhas raised in comments carried by a weekly tabloid two weeks ago.

Former ministers of health Zeid Hamzeh and Adnan Al Jaljouli were very cooperative with the committee. Mr. Dawoudiyeh said in the state-

Mr. Dawoudiyeh, a deputy

from Tafileh, said the two former ministers insisted that medicine produced in Jordan met local and international specifications. Dr. Malhas had said that a

good quantity of drugs sold in the market was not registered with the Ministry of Health. Sources who spoke to the Jordan Times last week confirmed that many irregularities occur at the ministry's pharmacy and drug control department, which is entrusted with

testing and registering drugs. Mr. Dawoudiyeh said the Public Freedoms Committee would be willing to initiate a parliamentary investigation into Dr. Malhas' charges if the House found it necessary but added that he prefers that a judiciary committee take charge of the issue.

Parliamentary sources did not expect many deputies to support the idea of setting up a parliamentary investigation committee. They said the majority would be in favour of having the judiciary investigated the issues raised by the

The government has already announced the establishment of two ministerial committees to investigate Dr. Malhas'

The House will Wednesday hold a special session during

which the government will explain measures it has adopted to ensure the safety of food and medicine and announce its position on Dr. Malhas' com-

In a statement issued last; week, presidents and spokes-. men of parliamentary olocs and committees said the government should shoulder the responsibility for shaking public confidence in the safety of food and drugs and hurting the national economy if the minister's charges could not be proven true.

They said those involved in the charges should be sent to: courts if investigations lead and evidence that substantiate the allegations.

Observers expect Wednesday's session to include heavycriticism of the government de-1 spite its efforts to seize the initiative by announcing the establishment of the two committees to investigate Dr.

Malhas' charges. The House last week miled . to put a time limit on the speeches lawmakers are expected to make on the issue after the government makes as presentation on Wednesday.

It is still not clear whether the five parliamentary block will agree to a proposal to have one of their members socaltion. the issue on behalf, the bases

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Gunmen go on rampage in lawless Somali town

NAIROBI (R) - Gunmen went on the rampage in the Somali town of Belet Huen, looting a U.N. warehouse and threatening to kidnap a foreign aid worker, relief staff said

The British charity Save the Children Fund (SCF) flew two foreign staff out of Belet Huen near the border with Ethiopia on Friday because of the two-day rampage of shooting and looting, aid workers said.

This is just a precautionary measure in view of what's going on in Belet Huen," SCF official Steve Rifkin said.

"There's a growing sense of insecurity with a lot of young armed guys shooting the town

Other aid workers said dozens of young gunmen from the local Hawadle clan looted a United Nations warehouse two days ago and then threatened to kidnap a foreign aid worker.
As more than 1,000 German U.N. peacekeepers and Italian units stayed holed up in their. base, the youths rampaged late on Thursday, shooting into the air around aid agency compounds and tossing grenades into the river, aid workers said.

Rumours spread around the dusty town that the SCF warehouse would be looted. Mr. Rifkin said he did not take the threat seriously at this stage and denied hearing foreign aid workers might be taken hos-

Two foreign aid workers with the Los Angeles-based International Medical Corps team of doctors and two German workers with the International Federation of the Red Cross were staying in the town, in their houses, the aid workers

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Abu Nidal

group has applied to join a

Palestinian alliance opposed

to the moderate strategies of

Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) Chairman

Yasser Arafat, and the fac-

tions in the Damascus-based

coalition appeared to be split.

over the issue, informed,

calling itself Fateh Revolu-

tionary Council (FRC), re-

newed its bid to join the

alliance after the coalition

ership council on Jan. 19, the

sources said. An earlier FRC

bid to join the alliance, when

it was first created as a loose

umbrella in September 1992,

According to the sources,

the Democratic Front for the

Liberation of Palestine

(DFLP) of Nayef Hawatmeh

opposes any membership for

the Abu Nidal group in the

alliance. It is citing the

numerous attacks on PLO

officials claimed or attributed

to the Abu Nidal group and

objecting its entry into the

stained with Palestinian

blood, and he has no place in

group," according to a senior

The DFLP also argues that

the presence of the FRC in

the alliance would be insigni-

ficant in view of the small size

of the group. It is estimated

that the Abu Nidal group has

less than 200 members scat-

tered around in the Arab

World, but mainly in Leba-

Movement, Hamas, believes

that the FRC should be given

The Islamic Resistance

"Abu Nidal's hands are

was turned down.

alliance, they said.

DFLP official.

The Abu Nidal formally

sources said Saturday.

said.
"The IMC staff are confined to their compound until we get better understanding of the situation," said Stephen Tomlin, IMC's regional director for

East Africa. The looting followed an outburst of tribal violence in which 13 people were killed on Wednesday night in Djohar, 100 kilometres north of Mogadishu. That incident was the worst violence in months in the Horn of Africa country torn apart by clan feuding and rav-aged by a devastating drought.

Mr. Tomlin said he thought the situation would calm down but added that he did not think that the traditional elders who hold authority in Somalia had control over the armed youths.

Aid workers said the incidents in Belet Huen could be a taste of what will happen in Somalia as well-equipped Western U.N. contingents pull out of the country by March 31, leaving the operation under Asian and African command.

Twelve days ago Italian units began pulling out of Belet Huen and almost immediately a gang of 65 Hawadle gunmen entered the town and began looking for trouble, one aid

Clan elders negotiated with them and escorted them out of the town, holding their guns for several days until they were thought to have decided to go

But the hellraisers rode back into town in "technical" battle

vagons this week. Clan elders provided some gunmen to guard aid workers' compounds and seem keen to to keep law and order, Mr. Rifkin and Mr. Tomlin said.

a chance to enter the coali-

tion if it publicly accepts the

principles of the alliance and

pledges to abide by them,

the largest faction in the 10-

group alliance, also believes

that any decision on the FRC

bid for membership should

be decided by the leadership

council, which is scheduled to

meet in early February in

Damascus to elect a presi-

Other leading groups in the alliance include the Popular

each from the 10 groups.

Abu Nidal, whose real

name is Sabri Al Banna, is

one of the most wanted men

in the world. His group has

been blamed for a series of

violent attacks in the Middle

East and Europe, including

dent, they said.

Hamas, which claims to be

according to the sources.

Abu Nidal group wants

to join Damascus alliance

Mourning

HIS ROYAL Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and other officials as well as family members and relatives Saturday await the arrival of the plane carrying the body of Jordanian diplomat Nayeb Imran Maaytah, who was assassinated in Beirut earlier in the day (see page 1). The Jordanian leadership and government vowed Saturday to bring the perpetrators of the assassination of the diplomat, who hailed from a prominent tribe in southern Jordan. The body was moved to the King Hussein Medical Centre after its arrival. The funeral is scheduled to take place today, Sunday (Photo by Yousef Al



Human rights group hits Turkey for detention deaths - Kemal Canpolat, 27 was

WASHINGTON (AP) - A human rights group on Friday complained about the "horrifying total" of 21 Turkish prisoners who died in 1993 under suspicious circumstances indicating torture during inter-

Helsinki Watch said in a statement that the number was up from 17 similar deaths in 1992. It said the deaths came despite a promise in 1991 by Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel to end torture, Mr. Demirel is now president.

"Suspects of both political and ordinary crimes - children as well as adults - are routinely and systematically tortured in police interrogation centres," the report said.

It said methods used include hanging naked victims by their arms tied behind their backs; electric shock to the genitals; beating the soles of the feet; vaginal and anal rape, sometimes with truncheons and gunbarrels; beatings: pulling out hair or fingernails, and forcing heads into excrement. A spokesman for the Tur-

kish embassy said the embassy had not seen the report and he could not make any comment. Turkish officials have said recently the country's efforts to improve human rights performance included a 1993 legal

reform in Turkey which speci-

fically outlawed torture and called for human rights education for prison officials and The Helsinki Watch report gave a brief description of each of the 21 prisoners who died

under suspicious conditions in

1993. Some examples:

- Sefik Kaplan, 61, an imam or Muslim religious leader died in the eastern town of Bitlis during interrogation Sept. 8. Authorities said he committed suicide using his - Engin Atay, 22, a student

in the eastern town of Eskisehir was arrested and taken from the interrogation centre to his eighth floor apartment. He was killed in a fall to the street. Police said he jumped with his hands handcuffed behind his back.

— Baki Erdogan, 27, accused of membership in a lef-

rist group, died in Aydin in western Turkey Aug. 22. Photos, eyewitness accounts revealed Erdogan had been tortured. Police said he died of insufficiency of the respiradetained for alleged Kurdish nationalist activities Oct. 31, in the southeast city of Diyarbakir. He died during interrogation and his body was found by his family later at a morgue. Hospital officials reported bruises showing Canpolat had been severely tortured. Haci Ibrahim Dilek, a

Kurdish farmer detained in southeast Turkey on March 30. The same day his body was found dumped by a road. A report by a state prosecutor and forensic doctors said, "There were marks of beating covering almost the entire body... from an injury to the anus it appeared a hard object had been inserted as a method of torture. The anus had been

'Soldier's soldier' tipped as Algerian president At least 1,900 fundamental-

ALGIERS (R) — Liamine Zeroual, tipped to become Algeria's new president, is a career army officer who may have greater latitude than his predecessors to negotiate an end to Algeria's civil strife with Muslim fundamentalists.

Radio France on Friday quoted Yousef Khatib, the chairman of Algeria's national conference on its political future, as saying General Zeroual was the only candidate for president.

Front for the Liberation of The forum wound up on Wednesday without naming a Palestine (PFLP). Dissident wings of Fatch, the mainpresident. stream group of Mr. Arafat; Gen. Zeroual, 52, fought as an officer in Algeria's national-

the Communist Party and the ist war against France and has spent nearly all his life in the Palestine Liberation Front are also members in addition military, culminating with his to Lebanon-based factions appointment as defence minissuch as Islamic Jihadter last July. Palestine and Hizbollah-Known as a soldier's soldier, Palestine. Their views on the

Gen. Zeroual in the 1980s FRC bid were not known commanded three of Algeria's immediately. The leadership council is made up of two members

> TEHRAN (AP) - Iran was swept by religious fervour Friday, the birthday of the "Mahdi," the missing 12th imam of Shiite Muslims, whose promised reappearance they believe will bring everlasting

a Palestinian nationalist the 1986 attacks at Rome and Vienna airports which killed Iran's political and religious leadership — which overlap considerably — observed the more than 20 people. Abu Nidal was expelled from Syria in the late 80s. His feast day by donning the mangroup was believed to have tle of peacemakers and appealmoved to Libya and stayed ing for a peaceful settlement to there for a few years before global conflicts.

> ched a crackdown on the group in 1990-91. Several leading activists of the group were reported to have been killed in a bitter power struggle while it was

six military regions — the army's key operational posts
— before becoming land forces chief in 1989.

He resigned from the military that year after a dispute with former President Chadli Benjedid and became ambassador to Romania before he was recalled and named defence minister last year. Diplomats say Gen. Zeroual

is widely respected in the army for his qualities as a soldier. As defence minister he has presided over a relentless cam-

paign against Muslim militants. who took up arms after the January 1992 cancellation of Algeria's first multi-party parliamentary election. The vote was set aside after

the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) fundamentalist party took more than 80 per cent of seats in the December 1991 first round and appeared headed for certain victory.

ists, security forces and ordinkilied in political violence. However, Gen. Zeroual's

tenure at the defence Ministry has also coincided with an effort to open talks with the FIS. His recent speeches have taken a slightly softer tone toward Islamists than those of other senior officials.

Diplomats say given his credentials as a hardliner. Geri. Zeroual may be better placed to seek some accomoclation with FIS leaders to bring an end to the violence.
"If you are very conserva-

tive, you are in a better position to negotiate without being accused of giving away the store." said one. "It is easier to negotiate with the opposition from a position of internal strength.

In a television speech earlier this month, Gen. Zeroual

appeared to show some willingness to seek ways to end the violence other than by strict military action.

The army has on many occasions given proof of its goodwill and absolute openness to search for solutions that may lead the country out of the current political crisis," Gen. Zeroual said.

But he also suggested that the military could not stand idly by if matters worsen.

"The retreat of the army

from political life does not mean it will stand with its arms crossed in the face of the dangerous excesses that have threatened and continue to threaten the future of the country," he said.

Gen. Zeroual was born on July 3, 1941. Like many of Algeria's top officers, he was educated at French and Russian military academies. He is married with three children.

Iran swept by religious fervour on 'Mahdi' birthday

peace to the world.

Thousands of worshipers the Tripoli government launattending weekly prayers at Tehran University heard peans of praise for the Mahdi and. chanted "May God hasten his reappearance.

Iranians identify the Mahdi. or saviour, as Imam Mohammad Ben Al Hassan, born in 805 A.D. and regarded by them as a direct descendant of the Prophet Mohammad.

He is said to have disappeared, but to remain present everywhere on earth in occulted form, pending God's will for his reappear-

"The Mahdi may be standing right next to us now, watching over us." said an elderly man at the prayer meeting. "May God hasten his reappearance so that there is everlasting peace, an end to wars and bloodshed."

Tehran and towns throughout Iran were decorated with bunting, flags and banners with slogans praising Allah and pleading for the Mahdi's reappearance.

"This is like Christmas in the

Christian world for us, but without any commercialism attached to the holiday," said an Iranian journalist.

Iran's supreme spiritual leader. Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, told 250 Shiite leaders attending a conference in Tehran that Iran was saddened by bloodshed in many Muslim states or provinces. "Iran considers the prob-

lems of Kashmir, Afghanistan. Lebanon, Palestine and other oppressed nations to be its own, and thes to bring about their peaceful settlement," he

He said differences between the Sunnis -- Islam's major sect - and the Shiites who are predominant in Iran were fanned by the United States "and other negemenic powers and

President Hashemi Rafsanjani, who opened the confer-

peace.

'Iran can resist U.S.' Fifteen years after the Islamic revolution fran has evolved into a regional and global power which can withstand all pressure from the west, notably the United

ence, called on Shiites every-

where to maintain unity with

other Muslims and work for

States, an Iranian newspaper warned Saturday. The English-language Tehran Times accused the United States of "refusing to come to terms with the realities of the revolution" in Iran and of plotting to undermine the

Islamic regime there.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Christopher gives Jewish leaders assurances

NEW YORK (R) - Secretary of State Warren Christopher has told a group of Jewish leaders the United States is not going to pressure either side in negotiations between Israel and Syria on the Golan Heights. A participant in the meeting, which took place Thursday in Washington, quoted Mr. Christopher as saying the United States did not plan to act as mediator or an intermediary unless both sides requested it and there would be no pressure on Israel to make progress. He said the bilateral peace discussions going on at a secret said the unateral peace discussion between the two countries were location in Washington between the two countries were making "real progress." The participant at the meeting, which included about 75 leaders of Jewish groups, said Mr. Christ. opher informed the group that Syria had kept its word and issued travel documents to almost all the 850 Jews remaining

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Rabin, Arafat nominated for Nobel prize

STRASBOURG, France (R) — The president of the Council of Europe's assembly said Friday he had nominated Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Palestine leader Yasser Arafat for the Nobel Peace Prize. Miguel Angel Martinez said in a statement he had put forward Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat in a letter to Francis Sejersted, president of the five-member Nobel Committee, because of their work towards Arab-Israeli peace. "The efforts of (Rabin and Arafat) to reach an agreement deserve support, not only for peace and prosper ity in the Middle East, but also for a happy outcome to Europe an construction and detente in the world. Mr. Martinez wrote in the letter. He said Mr. Arafat would address the assembly in Strasbourg on April 13. Mr. Arafat travelled to Strasbourg las t month to address the parliament. Mr. Rabin made a speech to y the assembly on Wednesday.

Kurdish guerrillas kidnap TV reporters:

ANKARA (AP) - Kurdish guerrillas kidnapped two repo rters working for a fundamentalist television station in sout heastern Turkey, Anatolia news agency said Friday. Kut lu Esendemir and Recep Ozturk were on assignment in the region for a week. They were abducted by the separatist rebals on Wednesday near the town of Idil in southeastern Sim ak province, the agency said. In November, Kurdish guerril las threatened to kill Turkish and foreign reporters in the arrea. accusing them of sympathising with the government in their coverage. Fourteen journalists have been killed in souther astern Turkey since February 1992. Most of the victims worl sed for leftist or pro-Kurdish publications. The guerrillas of the Kurdish Labour Party have been fighting for autonomy in the

Thais lose paperwork in Saudi theft

BANGKOK (R) — That police investigating the the ft of jewellery from a Saudi palace say they have lost a cr ucial document listing the stolen items, newspapers said Satu rday. The disappearance is the latest bizane twist in the four-yearold case, which started with police investigating a Thai w orker who stole \$20 million in jewellery from a Saudi prince. The worker was caught and the jewellery returned, but the Saudis said 75 per cent of the returned items were fake. Police Lieutenant Chalor Kerdthet is on trial along with several, other policemen on charges that he embezzled some of the jev vellery while heading the investigation team. Lt. Chalor to ld the criminal court he gave a list of the recovered jewellery to the crime suppression division in January 1990. But officers in the division told the court on Friday they never receive d 1 he list. Ties between Thailand and Saudi Arabia have sourced considerably over the case. Riyadh has stopped issuing; v isas for Thais seeking jobs in Saudi Arabia, where a quarte r of all That's working abroad were once employed. The court set Feb. 8 for another hearing, newspapers said.

Legal video rental returns to Iran

TEHRAN (R) - About 1,000 government-approve d video shops opened in Iran this week — the first legal renta I service since video-recordings were banned soon after the 1979 Islamic revolution. The shops are offering about 4 00 titles distributed by a new institute of visual media which v ets them for violations of Islamic morals, barring any display of physical contact between men and women. About half the titles are Iranian productions. the others old films from the Wes it, Japan, India and Russia. Underground video libraries are common in Iran. About one home in four was believed to have acquired an illegal video player, convincing the government it v vas better to offer an alternative. "Videos have invaded the home to carry the message of Western materialism." the It istitute of Visual Media said in a statement. "It is up to us t o use this weapon in self-defence."

Israeli soldiers detain AFP photo grapher

GAZA CITY (AFP) - The Israeli army on Fri day briefly detained an AFP photographer taking pictures of soldiers checking identity cards in the Gaza Strip. lisra ali soldiers ordered Fayez Nureddin, a 26-year-old Pale stimian photographer with AFP's Gaza bureau, to hand over his camera and confiscated his identity and press cards before clriving him to a military base. An AFP reporter at the scene interveened but he. too, was questioned, insulted and then freecl half an hour later. Following his release, Mr. Nureddin said hie had been interrogated for two hours. Earlier in the West B ank town of Ramallah, Israeli troops wounded another Paller tinian press photographer who was photographing clashes between Palestinians and soldiers. Atta Uessat, 24, who works for the Israeli photo agency Zoom 77, was attacked by members, of an Israeli army "special unit" disguised as civilians. Soldi et s and border guards rammed their rifle butts in his face and lor oke the bone under his eyebrow,

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Hotel Complaints #15800
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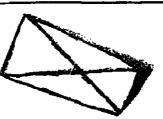
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Prince Abdullah turns 32

AMMAN — His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, the eldest son of His Majesty King Hussein turns 32 today. Born in Amman on Jan.

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30, 1962, Prince Abdullah started his education at the Islamic Educational College in Amman, which he attended until 1966. He entered St. Edmund's School in Surrey, England and later attended Deerfield Academy in the United States, where he completed his high school education.

In 1980, Prince Abdullah joined the Royal Academy at Sandhurst, in England, where he received his military education.

The Prince joined Oxford University for a year, starting in October 1983, for special studies in international politics and world affairs.

From August 1987 to May 1988, he attended the School of Foreign Service at Georgetown University in Washington, D.C. In January 1993, Prince

Abdullah was promoted to full Colonel and is currently Commander of the Jordanian Special Forces. The Prince has participated in several training courses in

artillery and various small arms. He has also served with Jordanian Special Forces, in airborne and anti-terrorist activities. He is qualified as a parachutist from both the British

and French armies. His other skills include free-fall parachuting and repelling and he is a qualified frogman and cluding being president of the



In addition to his career as an army officer, Prince Abdullah has served his country many times in the official capacity of Regent, in the absence of King Hussein, and he regularly performs other official functions in-

national strategy on women for

the first time in Jordan's his-

ity to providing educational

opportunities to citizens be-

cause they are the country's

She noted that women have

equal rights in most fields of

life and some of them have

In the last parliamentary

elections, a woman won a seat

in the Lower House "and we

are all proud of that," she said.

chances of change available to

women in developing countries

In reply to a question on

occupied ministerial posts.

most precious resources.

She said Jordan gives prior-

tory, Princess Basma said.

National Football Union. On June 10, 1993, Prince Abdullah was married to Her Royal Highness Princess Rania.

The Prince's interests include, car racing (he has been Jordanian National Rally Racing Champion), water sports and scuba diving.

National commission highlights women's issues — Princess Basma

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma has said that the National Commission on Women's Affairs aims to highlight women's issues in

In an interview with the United Nations Television, broadcast by Jordan Television Saturday evening, Princess Basma said the commission is also concerned with getting Jordanian women involved in the economic and social development process by provid-ing them with the suitable environment in legislative, cultural, educational, social and

economic fields. Princess Basma, currently in New York to take part in the meetings of a special team entrusted with preparing plans for the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), said the commission derives its importance from having as members a group of men and women interested in women's issues and in means of enhancing women's roles at

the national level in all fields. The commission managed, through holding a series of comprehensive dialogues and meetings, to crystalise a ticular, Princess Basma said the will for change stems from the society, and there was no need to impose it from the outside.

In addition, change should take place gradually and not overnight, and it should come from people themselves, what they believe in and what they need, she added. Princess Basma said she

hoped that Jordan and the entire Middle East region would enjoy the fruits of peace "which is something we have been looking forward to for a long period of time, and I think peace will achieve many gains for people and will provide them with better opportunities for stability, progress and prosperity.

Jordan can contribute to this to a great extent because of its moderate stands and because of its having advanced models of progress in various fields such as education, health and others, she said.

"We in Jordan confide in the U.N. and its agencies which have had key roles in the national development process." she added

Upper House approves '94 budget

Government pledges to ensure citizens' security

per House of Parliament Saturday unanimously endorsed the 1994 fiscal budget which was earlier approved by the Lower House with some amendments, and heard a pledge by the government to strike hard at anyone who would tamper with the country's security, patricularly food and medi-

The budget endorsement came after comments by several senators and the reading of the Senate Financial Committee report recommending approval of the JD 1.478 billion budget.

The report said the committee approved the government's economic policies at the local, regional and pan-Arab levels and its five-year socioeconomic plan which began last year and continues through 1997 and aims at achieving the

1. Attaining a six per cent growth rate in the gross domestic product (GDP). 2. Reducing the margin of

reach three per cent by the year 1997.

3. Attaining a 14 per cent growth in the volume of exports during the five-year plan. 4. Attaining parity in the balance of payments by the

5. Reducing foreign debt to GDP at constant prices from 143 per cent to 98 per cent. 6. Reducing the annual interest on foreign debt from 50 per cent in 1992 to 22.5 per cent in 1997.

7. Reducing the rate of domestic consumption against GDP from 102.6 per cent in 1992 to 88.1 per cent in 1997. 8. Retaining the current rate of inflation at five per cent

9. Reducing the rate of unemployment to 9.6 per cent by

The report presented a sixpoint plan which the committee said it would urge the government to prusue at the omestic and foreign levels. The committee recom-

He added that there is a

need for further agricultural

research that is responsive to

the needs of the sector - "in

other words, the farmers them-

around the work of several

sub-committees of specialists

who are presenting reports in

The seminar is centred

tinue to deal with imbalances at the domestic and external levels; that it provide incentives to the private sector to play a major role in stimulating the national economy; that the performance of public administration improve; that measures be taken to encourage investments; and that increased

educational system. Finance Minister Sami Gammoh addressed the Senate after hearing the committee report and remarks made by the senators.

efforts be exerted to improve

vocational training and the

Mr. Gammoh pledged that the government would work diligently to carry out the economic reforms and the fiveyear socio-economic plan, encourage investments by the private sector, carry out infrastructure projects, strive to reduce the budget deficit, carry out public administration reforms, reform the educational system and implement the committee's recommendations towards achieving social jus-

The minister reiterated the government's policy with regard to dealing with poverty and unemployment, and reexamining regulations concerning land use.

He also stressed Jordan's policies in the fields of energy, agriculture, water and irriga-tion, national security and public administration reform as submitted earlier to the Lower House. Deputy Prime Minister

Ma'an Abu Nowar thanked the Senate for its edorsement of the budget and pledged the government's determination to pursue the set goals of achieving socio-economic develop-

In his statement, Dr. Abu Nowar said that the government is determined to ensure the country's security and it will not be lenient with any party trying to tamper with this

"The government will strike with an iron fist at anyone or

p: .ty trying to tamper with the security of Jordanian citizens and the homeland, and I do here reaffirm the government's position with regard to the food and medicine which is part and parcel of the Jordanian people's security," he

'We will not spare any effort in tightening control over the drug and food situation," said

the deputy premier.

He said that the Health Ministry was taking appropriate measures designed to provide full security for food and medicine and the best medical treatment for all citizens.

He added that the govern-. ment will move quickly to put an end to malpractices by a small group of persons who, he said, aim to serve their own selfish interests. Dr. Abu Nowar said the government will prevent any further blunders or crimes, or any excesses or violations of the laws, and prevent any corruption or negligence, to protect the na-

Experts Technology Transfer (NCARTT), Mahmoud

Duwairi, NCARTT's director

general, told the Jordan

He stressed that despite the

By Ian Atalia Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Ministry of Agriculture, in cooperation with the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and the International Centre for Agricultural Research in Dry Areas (ICAR-DA) Saturday began a two-day seminar aimed at developing a coordinated and unified national strategy for agricultural research in Jordan.

"This exercise is very, very important," Robert Booth, an assistant director general for ICARDA told the Jordan Times. "Most agricultural research in Jordan up until now has been done on an ad-hoc basis. It is important that future research efforts in this area be thoroughly planned and well coordinated," said

Those presented on Saturday included the areas of irrigated farming, rain-fed agriculture, pastures and grazing and animal resources. These reports will then be used as aids in forming an

overall medium-term research strategy for Jordan. The sub-committees include experts from the Ministry of Agriculture, Jordanian univer-

sities and the National Centre

for Agricultural Research and

initiated by and for Jordanians. We are only here in the role of back-seat advisors and technicai consultants." "It is essential that they (Jordanians) implement plans

which they have developed themselves," said Dr. Booth. There is a higher probability of a national plan being implemented by people if its designers are their own countrymen. We have, in the past, ourselves developed projects for implementation in Jordan. They are now lining bookshelves," he commented.

consultancy roles of foreign Dr. Duwairi said that a curagencies in the seminar, the rent need for further progress work presented and the deciin agricultural research efforts sions made at the meetings will in Jordan was "human rebe that of Jordanians themsources." This seminar and what follows from it may indi-USAID representative to cate that some of the types of the seminar Edward Loomis specialists needed are simply concurred. "This project was not available in Jordan at this

time, he said. Dr. Duwairi said he would like to see more financial aid and encouragement for the training and study of agricultural specialists and researchers.

This is really vital for implementing any research. We also need incentives for them so that the people who are trained stay on to help us."

Addressing the opening session of the seminar, Agriculture Minister Mohammad Mahdi Farhan said the country's achievements at the academic level far exceed its accomplishments in agriculture despite the ministry's efforts to provide the required means for such development.

"Regrettably, we are still dealing with agriculture as a hobby and failing to attain the aspired objectives," said the

Experts from Jordanian universities, the Higher Council for Science and Technology (HCST), the USAID, ICAR-DA and ISNAR, a Netherlands-based international agricultural research centre, are taking part in the workshop.

The seminar is being held at the NCARTT in Baqaa.

the performance of various in-

stitutions concerning the ap-plication of laws and will sug-

gest revisions to some in a

manner that would best suit

democracy. It will also help to

promote cultural, social and sports activities in the King-

Mayors to attend workshop

AMMAN (Petra) - The mayors of towns and villages in the northern Jordan Valley, Al Koura, Bani Kanana and Ramtha districts will participate in a workshop which will open Sunday at Yarmouk Sports Club in North Shuneh.

The Mayors are scheduled to discuss local administration legislation, proposals to develop them, municipal services and environmental issues.

AMMAN (Petra) - The National Society for the Enhancement of Freedom and Democracy will open a seminar here Monday at the Regency Palace Hotel, aimed at pub-licly outlining its programmes and objectives and opening its

dent Salah Jarrar. Dr. Jarrar said the seminar, which is the society's first activity, has been organised in cooperation with the Friedrich Nauman Foundation of Ger-

Parliament Taher Al Masri. The seminar entitled: cepts and Practice," will also be addressed by the Naumann Foundation representative, Walter Ruedel, who will tackle the question of political education in Germany.

National democracy society to outline plans

society has been set up to help spread what he called "democracy awareness" in the Kingdom and help various local institutions adopt democratic practices.

The society, which groups academicians, politicians, journalists and other political activists is a non-profit organisation aimed at fostering democra-tisation in the minds of citizens as well as in their behaviour. thus achieving freedom, equality and justice in society, said Mr. Jarrar. He said the Freidrich

Naumann Foundation provides funding and training of personmes which include seminars, workshops, an out-reach lecture service and the publication of educational materials. Mr. Jarrar explained that the

society aims to apply the provisions of the Jordanian constitution and the National Charter and the principles of democracy, freedom and equality as well as guarantee human political and social rights. The society will also monitor

A quarterly newsletter,

The Democratic Monitor," to be published with assistance help from the foundation will also help the society staff and members to exchange knowledge and information with international organisations.

Society sources said that membership will be open to all Jordanians above 18-years-old.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Ali Mahafza honoured at Yarmouk

IRBID (Petra) - A reception was held Saturday at Yarmouk University to honour former university President Ali Mahafza. Current President Marwan Kamal delivered an address at the reception in which he commended the achievements of Dr. Mahafza and his efforts to develop the university. Dr. Mahafza left Yarmouk University with achievements attesting to his performance and was influential in bolstering its traditions and expanding its facultis and departments, Dr. Kamal said.

Clean-up begins in Aqaba

AMMAN (Petra) — A cleanliness campaign Sunday started in the port city of Aqaba. The campaign, which is organised by the Agaba district in cooperation with the city's municipality, will include cleaning the city entrances, and clearing water canals and culverts from rocks and soil.

Zarqa's '93 projects total JD 2m

ZARQA (Petra) - Zarqa Municipality last year carried out several services projects at a total cost of JD 2,010,019, according to Zarqa Mayor Yasser Al Omari. Mr. Omari told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, most of the projects consisted of asphalting roads, constructing sidewalks and designing cooling and refrigeration systems. The municipality, he said, has completed work at the Zarqa Public Park after planting it with olive and forest trees. The mayor said the municipality's revenues in 1993 had totalled JD 5,276,839 of which the municipality collected 85 per cent.

JSCEP to hold seminar in Aqaba

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution (JSCEP) will Wednesday organise in Aqaba a specialised seminar on environmental training issues. The five-day seminar will include lectures and presentation by experts from several Jordanian universities and institutions as well as the German Friedrich Naumann Foundation. It will also include field visits to fertiliser plants, the Jordanian Ports Corporation and the Aqaba Water Treatment Plant.

Chinese commercial team to arrive for talks

AMMAN (Petra) - A Chinese commercial delegation is due to arrive in Jordan Tuesday on a several-day visit to hold talks with officials from the public and private sectors on ways and prospects of increasing commercial cooperation between Jordan and China. The talks will also cover means of promoting relations between private sector establishments in both countries.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

A Plastic art exhibition by artist Shaker Abu Ghazaleh at the

Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art. ☆ Art exhibition by artist Ghazwa Shukri at the New English

School Art Gallery (10:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m.).

☆ Art exhibition by Syrian artist Yasser Hammond at Baladna Art Gallery (Wasfi Al Tal Street).

★ Exhibition by Lebanese artist Hussein Madi at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. Also showing the "permanent" exhibition of 54 Arab contemporary artists. (Tel. 643251/2)

Art exhibition by artist Makram Khaghandouqah at the Spanish Cultural Centre.

Art exhibition by artist Omar Al Basoul at the Royal Cultural Centre.

☆ Exhibition on the art of architecture at the French Cultural

Art exhibition by several lraqi and Jordanian artists at Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).

* Art exhibition by Suha Noursi entitled "Landscapes" at the Hotel Jordan Inter. Continental Gallery (8:00 a.m.-7:00

LECTURE

★ Lecture entitled "The Turning Point from Greece to Rome: The Classicism of the Augustan Age" by Professor Giorgio Gulluni at the Jordanian-Italian Institute of Archaeological Sciences (near the Italian Hospital) at 5:30 p.m. (Tel.

FILMS & DRAMAS

☆ Film entitled "The Wrong Man" at the American Center at 5:00 p.m. (105 minutes).

☆ Drama in Arabic entitled "The Question" at the Royal Cultural Centre (11:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.).

POETRY RECITAL

Poetry recital by poet Jiries Samawi at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art at 7:00 p.m.

SEMINAR

☆ Seminar entitled "The Oslo Agreement And The Horizons Of The Next Dispute In The Region" by Mr. Naji Alloush and Mr. Samih Samara at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Amman at 6:00 p.m.

roster to new members, according to society Vice Presi-

many and will be opened by Speaker of the Lower House of

"Democracy in Jordan: Con-

Swedish deputies visit Bakaa

Swedish parliamentarian group toured the Bakaa refugee camp near Amman Saturday. Leading the eight-member group, Berndt Ekholm said

that the parliamentarians wanted to have a better understanding of the Palestinian refugee problem because Sweden was deeply concerned with the ongoing Middle East peace process and has major interests in the region.

The group plans to cross to the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip in order to study the situation there, said Mr. Ekholm during the tour, which covered installations and schools run by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA).

Sweden is one of the major donors to UNRWA, ranking fourth among donor nations, because Sweden is convinced of the agency's role towards serving the refugees, added Mr. Ekholm.

UNRWA sources said Sweden's contribution to UN-RWA last year was \$18 million. Mr. Ekholm and his delega-

tion came to the region in the "She (Mrs. Salem) sufcourse of a programme organised by the Swedish Diaconia Relief and Charitable Organisation which is financing UN-RWA's rehabilitation centre at "We have had similar cases Bakaa camp, according to UN-RWA officials.

Kerosene stove fire kills 3 children, mother is in critical condition

Separate gunshot incidents kill 1, wound another

By Rana Husseini

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Three children died of smoke inhalation in Zarqa last Thursday, and their mother suffered first degree burns when their kerosene stove caught on fire, according to civil defence and police reports. The mother (30), identified

as Itaf A. Salem was filling the stove with kerosene while it was lit and it caught fire. burning the mother and most of her home's furnishing, a police report said. Dareen (11), Heba (3) and Ghada (1) died due to asphy-

xiation while sleeping. according to the forensic doctor who examined the three children at Zarqa Military Hospital. According to police reports the father of the children was

in his shop at the time of the fire. He said his brother came

to his shop to inform him of the accident. As of Saturday evening, the mother was still listed in critical condition, a nurse at the hospital informed the Jor-

dan Times. The nurse said she does not expect the woman to live more than a week.

fered first degree burns over 85 per cent of her body and I expect she will survive for only a week," she said.

in which the patients die of blood poisoning because of the burns," the nurse explained.

Since the beginning of this year, civil defence officials responded to 48 fires caused by kerosene stoves, resulting in 24 injuries and five deaths, civil defence records showed. "It is an unfortunate accident," a civil defence official

told the Jordan Times. "We have aired several instruction programmes on television and radio, and we have used the press to inform people, (especially housewives) on the safety measures to be taken when using kerosene stoves, but it doesn't seem that people are

responding," the official said. He urged the public to be more cautious and to follow safety procedures to prevent such incidents.

He said the most important safety measures people need to follow are keeping children away from stoves; not filling kerosene into a lit stove; cleaning the stove of any spillage after it is filled; keeping the stove away from flammable objects in the house; never leaving a lit stove unattended, never going to sleep with the stove lit and never using the stove

> Child kills mother by accident

for cooking.

A 29-year-old Madaba

woman was shot accidentally by her 10-year-old son while playing with his fathers gun, died Thursday in Madaba Military Hospital, according

to police reports. The victim's husband told police he took the gun from a hidden place and placed it on the floor, adding that apparently his son picked up the gun and started playing with it when a bullet was fired accidently at his wife.

The report did not indicate if the parents noticed that their son was playing with the gun or not.

Madaba hospital sources said the mother, identified only as M.A.M., died in the hospital the same day as a result of gunshot wounds to

Father accidently shoots Son

In another incident Thursday, a 23-year-old Ruseifeh man was listed in critical condition after being accidentally shot by his father, according to police reports.

father was cleaning his gun when a bullet was fired accidentally striking him in the chest. The victim was rushed to

Al Razi Hospital in Ruseifeh

The victim told police his

where he was listed in critical condition.

Police have seized the gun pending further investiga-

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A life is taken, but that is not all

THE ASSASSINATION of Jordanian diplomat Nayeb Maaytah in Beirut Saturday is a cowardly attack that must be condemned by the entire international community and especially the Arab World. Even though the perpetrators have yet to be identified, all signs suggest that an extremist organisation from the Middle East region could be behind the killing. Several fanatical factions had already served notice that there is no limit to how far they will go to block the peace process. No less than 10 such groups have publicly declared their intentions to work against all participants in the Arab-Israeli peace negotiations.

Targetting Jordan could have been done simply to serve notice on all other Arab parties involved in the peace talks since Amman is, for all intents and purposes, behind the other Arab parties in their respective bilateral peace talks. Besides, Jordan has repeatedly assured all sides that it is totally committed to comprehensive peace and has purposely delayed any advancement in its peace negotiations until the other Arab negotiating teams achieve real progress.

Still the political ramifications of the killing of counsellor Maaytah with regard to the peace process are not the central issue. The first concern is Lebanese sovereignty and security. Beirut is responsible for the security of all diplomats serving on Lebanese soil. True the Lebanese government has been making determined efforts to restore law and order to the country; still greater efforts should have been exerted to protect diplomats stationed in Beirut, especially when it is common knowledge that peace talks could trigger a wave of violence in the area. Now that the life of a Jordanian diplomat was taken in broad daylight, it is incumbent on the Lebanese authorities to apprehend the culprits.

We can presume with confidence that the Lebanese security forces are capable of identifying the killer or killers. Perhaps the Syrian security forces could lend an effective hand in this direction since Syrian forces share the responsibility with their Lebanese counterparts to maintain internal and external security.

Jordan does not seek revenge. Jordan seeks effective redress by speedy punishment of those behind the killing as well as the person or persons who pulled the trigger. Jordan can also serve notice that its arm can be long in protecting its citizens and officials no matter where they maybe. Jordan's sensibilities towards the others must not be misconstrued as a sign of weakness or impotence. Jordanians were shocked to see a renewal of the cycle of violence against their diplomats abroad and they are determined to meet this threat with effective counter action. We all speak with one voice: The assassination of Mr. Maaytah, will not derail us from our course and the enemies of life must be brought to justice.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTÁRIES

AL RA'l daily commented Saturday on the continued harassment of international shipping in the Gulf of Aqaba in the course of enforcing the U.N. sanctions on Iraq and the loss to the Jordanian economy. Jordan, said the paper, had no choice but to alert the international community to the severe damage caused to the Jordanian economy and to demand that such a practice in the Aqaba Gulf stop altogether and the Kingdom be compensated for its loss.is. This is exactly what Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali did when he presented .Jordan's case before the U.N. sunctions Committee, said the paper. The premier has presented the case, noting that Jordan has been committed to the sanctions and as a result it incurred heavy economic losses and continues to suffer. Hundreds of millions of dollars continue to be lost and great delay in the arrival of shipments via Agaha continues unabated for no reason except that the United Nations wants to maintain the sanctions on Iraq, said the paper. It is time for the harassment of the Aqaba bound vessels, to stop and it is time for the U.N. to compensate the Kingdom for its heavy losses so that the country can go ahead with the process construction and democracy, demanded the paper. It said that it is time that the United Nations deal with Jordan on equal footing with the other neighbours of Iraq.

COMMENTING ON KING Hussein's meetings with the leaders of Jewish organisations in the United States, Taher Al Udwan said that the meeting can by no means be interpreted or considered as a form of peace nor can it by any way change the status quo. All the King's talk about his readiness to meet with the Israeli premier and the economic projects in the Jordan valley can only be done in the framework of peace under a new climate of stability and Justice, said the writer. He said that Israel has been claiming that it was the Arabs who have fused to make peace with the Jewish state but the Arabs are thing all measures designed to achieve peace .

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

Taxes are necessary for the proper functioning of the government

Tax paying is not something we do with pleasure. All peoples of the world are fundamentally against taxes and tend to perceive taxes as excessive. The Jordanian people is no exception. But certain forces are doing their best to strengthen anti-tax sentiments beyond reason and turn them into a force

It is a welcome notion to observe that the Chamber of Industry and, to a lesser degree, the chambers of commerce started to commission professionals to prepare research papers dealing with issues of vital interest to their members, provided of course that those researchers are not directed towards pre-determined conclusions.

Al Aswaq, a daily newspaper, published on Jan. 16, 1994 excerpts of a study sponsored by the Amman Chamber of Industry, aiming at highlighting the assumed excessiveness of the tax burden in Jordan. Part of the figures quoted by the newspaper would indicate the opposite, provided they are analysed honestly and objectively.

The fact that we have 29 different taxes and fees does not, in itself, prove that the tax burden is too heavy. The burden of 29 taxes can be lighter and better spread than the burden of one excessive tax. Part of the fees listed in the study represents prices of specific government services and should not count as part of the tax burden.

On the other hand, the researcher, who was not named by the newspaper, used 1988 as a reference year. This is not acceptable because under the circumstances of 1988 Jordan was exposed to a terrible economic crisis. The situation in 1988 was by no means ideal for us to want to preserve it. In fact, the fiscal and monetary situation was extreemly bad and needed

At one time, the deficit of the Jordanian budget, covered by foreign aid and loans, used to make up 50 per cent of the public expenditure. The question is whether we aim to keep that state of affairs. The answer, of course, is negative. But even if we like to carry on with such a huge deficit, we shall not

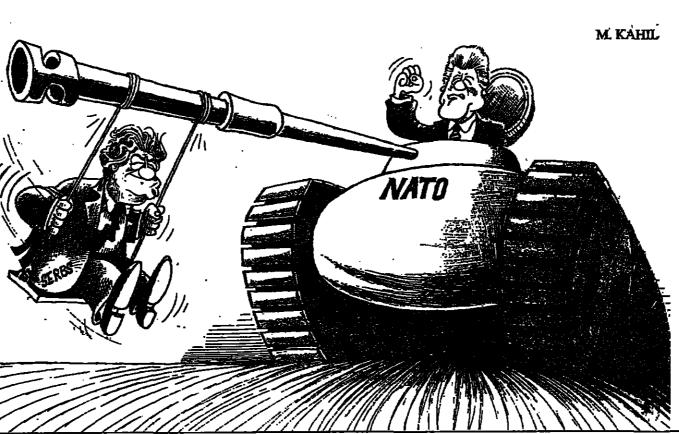
find foreign donors and lenders to continue financing our

It is only normal for the tax burden, under the circumstances, to rise. Had the research proved that people's contribu-tion to the budget rose in absolute or relative terms this would have only meant that things are going in the right direction. We definitely do not want to live on international charity.

The study points out that total taxes and fees rose from JD 800.9 million in 1992 to JD 824.2 million in 1993. If these figures are correct, the tax burden should have dropped by 7 per cent because income in current prices rose during the year by 10.8 per cent, while taxes and fees rose by 3 per cent only. Of course the taxes rose by more than these figures suggest because part of the taxes in 1992 were not of a recurring nature, such as customs on cars and equipment of the returness from Kuwait, but the tax-take in gross domestic product (GDP) terms did not increase.

The study also says that taxes and fees amounted to 25 per cent of the GDP in Jordan in 1992, against 24 per cent in Tunis and 23 per cent in Egypt in 1991. Even without checking these percentages, they indicate that the tax burden in Jordan is generally similar to that of Egypt and Tunis. However, we should notice the trick of comparing Jordanian tax ratio of 1992 with the corresponding ratio in the other two countries in 1991. Perhaps 1991 was the last year with statistics available on Tunis and Egypt but, had the researcher compared the ratio for the same year, namely 1991, he would have found that the tax burden in Jordan was the lowest, which shows that the author of the study was not honest in his analysis. He simply wanted to arrive at a pre-determined conclusion.

Taxes are necessary for the proper functioning of the government in discharging its duties and providing the expected services. To mobilise public opinion against taxes and exasperate anti-tax sentiments is neither constructive nor



East Europeans should get a real West European 'yes' in 1994

By Timothy Garton Ash, Michael Mertes and Dominique Moisi

PARIS - At its Brussels summit, NATO promised more to East Central Europe than seemed likely before the Russian elections. The door to membership has been declared theoretically open; hints have been given as to how best to approach that door. But no clear conditions have been laid out for passing through it. This should be done sooner rather

Meanwhile, it is worth reflecting on the complementary tasks and possibilities of the other great Brussels house, the European Union. For its founding fathers, the community was neither just a deluxe free trade area nor merely an association against the Soviet threat. Its most important purpose was to make war between Europeans impossible. Economic integration was a means to that higher political end.

With time, as often happens, the means have come to be taken for the end. The original end has been largely forgotten, partly because it has been chieved in Western Europe, that is. Elsewhere in Europe we once again have wars.

The area was call East Central Europe - including Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Slovenia. but with its own important set of diverse borderline cases. such as the Baltic states. Croatia and Romania — is both geographically and politically somewhere in between. Mourir pour Sarajevo? has become an all too real question. above all for those countries. including some East Central European states, with troops in the former Yugoslavia.

In the still fortunately hypothetical case of an acute external threat to the security of East Central Europe, we in the West, in NATO, would be called to give an answer far

more substantial either than the Partnership for Peace or than that given in practice, so far, to martyred Bosnia. Meanwhile, we in Western Europe, in the European Union, have political and economic means at our disposal to help ensure that the potential internal sources of insecurity in the region are diminished rather than exacerbated.

Two things, above all, need to be done. First, as a matter of urgency, ensure that West European markets are prised open for the goods that the East Central Europeans can export now. Continuation of fragile economic recovery depends on these exports, and consolidation of fledgling democracies depends on that

At the moment, we have a shameful protectionism,

In the longer term, opening western Europe to the fresh breezes of low-wage competition should be part of the salutary shock needed to restore our competitiveness in a wider world. If the United States was right to embrace the North American Free Trade Agreement, then the European Union should welcome a NEFTA — a new European free trade area.

Secondly, the European Union should give more political substance to what is already understood to be an "engage ment contract" with the East Central European states. In this respect, the Maastricht treaty is not just the end of an old road. It also contains elements of a new beginning, particularly with its explicit and implicit provisions for variable

"They are told that they can hope to join the European Union only if they transform their economies, but they are denied the market access that alone would sustain that transformation. A perfect catch-22."

whether against Polish textiles, Czech steel or Hungarian foodstuffs. We send those countries countless advisers to preach the virtues of the free market and free trade, but we do not practice what we preach. They are told that they can hope to join the European Union only if they transform their economies, but they are denied the market access that alone would sustain that transformation. A perfect catch-22.

It would be naive to pretend that this will be easy, at a time of acute recession.

Conventional wisdom suggests that it will cost jobs in Western Europe, but this is only half the truth. It fails to take account of the new export opportunities that a sustained recovery in the East would bring for West European pro-

For example, not all EU states will join in monetary union. Not all will participate in defence integration in the framework of the Western European Union. And there will be states, such as Turkey, which do not belong to the Union but are associate members of the WEU. This new flexibility offers

chances for developing the relationship with East Central Europe. In an article more than two years ago, we suggested that these states should be invited to participate directly in at least some of the foreign and security policy discussions of the European Community member states. The case for doing so has not grown any weaker. We also suggested that they should be given some way of being involved in the European elections of 1994, as a trial run for full participation in those of 1999.

In thinking about the enlargement negotiations after 1995, one should reaffirm the principle of the primacy of politics which guided the founding fathers of the community. Especially with the new flexibility of the Union, it is not at all impossible to envisage full political membership together with long-term economic transition arrangements. We did it for Spain, Portugal and Greece. We did it in the very special case of the former East Germany. We could do it

A further consequence is that, in thinking about the fu-ture institutional and constitutional shape of the European Union, we must be thinking of arrangements that would work with 20 or more member

Last but not least, there is associate membership of the WEU - a bridge to the security which NATO is still so reluctant to offer.

Each one of these steps would help to combat the disillusionment with "Europe" that is now so palpable in countries that set out to "return to Europe" with so much hope and elan just four years ago. In those four years, our neighbours have grown used to hearing from us the "yes" which ir. 't means "no." In 1994, at least one of the two great Brussels houses should offer a "yes" that really means

Timothy Garton Ash is author most recently of "In Europe's Name: Germany and the Divided Continent." Michael Mertes is a senior adviser to Chancellor Helmut Kohl. writing here in a personal capacity. Dominique Moisi is deputy director of the Institute Français des Relations Internationales. This article is reprinted from the International Herald Tribune.

Brown sees hope for Mideast regional cooperation

By Berta Gomez

WASHINGTON - U.S. Commerce Secretary Ronald Brown suggested on Jan. 27 that a consensus is emerging in the Middle East about the need for regional cooperation in the pursuit of peace and economic development.
Commenting efforts to im-

plement the accord signed last year by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Mr. Brown said: "I think there is a broad understanding that over the long term, this really is a regional problem - not just a problem of a peace agreement between the Palestinians and the

He was speaking to journal-ists at the Foreign Press Centre about a recent eight-day trip that took him to Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Jordan, Israel, the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Mr. Brown said his discussions with business executives. heads of state and other political leaders concentrated on the connection between politics and economics, and what it's going to take, on a regional level, to create an environment where there can be economic

In Israel he spent time with a new U.S.-based organisation called Builders For Peace, led by former U.S Congressman Mel Levine and Jim Zogby, president of the Arab-American Institute. The organisa-tion is identifying Arab-American and Jewish-American business leaders who are interested in doing business in the West Bank and Gaza.
"I thought that (Builders for

Peace) was a very important breakthrough," Mr. Brown said, and one that "might serve as a model to create additional interest in commercial and eco-nomic development in those

Commenting on reports that significant progress is being made by the Mideast working group on economic coopera-tion, Mr. Brown expressed hope that advances in that area "will help push the process forward on the political and security side."

Mr. Brown again indicated that the primary Arab econo-mic boycott of Israel would probably stay in place, as one of the issues to be resolved through peace talks.

At the same time, he noted that the secondary and tertiary boycotts — which extend to non-Israeli firms — seem already to be "crumbling."
Those aspects of the boycott will be on the agenda of the next Arab League ministerial meeting, Mr. Brown said, adding that Kuwait has already announced that it will not enforce the embargo and King Hassan of Morocco recently received a delegation of Israeli business leaders, "Commercial activity is taking place right now," he observed.

Throughout his Middle Eastern tour, Mr. Brown said, he conveyed the U.S. view that the boycott is an anachronism and a hindrance to economic development — and one that should be lifted in its entirety. He told a reporter, however, that the possibility of U.S. retaliation against those that continue to enforce the embargo was "not discussed."

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Asked to comment on the Clinton administration's policy on export controls, Mr. Brown said it was based on "common sense." The administration is "absolutely" committed to in-ternational arms control and to non-proliferation, but decided to relax export controls on items "that are generally available" on the open market, he said. One example he cited was that of communications satellites that are primarily used by weather services. Even for those items, "there are clearly destination exceptions," he stressed. "We do not say, sell

anything, anywhere."

The secretary discussed other issues extending beyond the region, including the Commerce Department's recent identification of ten important and "emerging" markets for U.S. exports. That list includes India, Turkey, Indonesia and Poland, and identifies countries for which the Commerce Department will develop a specific export strategy.

"Too little attention has been given to India as a mar-ket," Mr. Brown said. "I intend to end that era of neglect, and give India significant attention in that regard.

He said that reforms in Poland to improve protection of intellectual property had been a factor in that country's inclusion on the Commerce Department list. The issue is "terribly important," Mr. Brown said, and one that U.S. businesses study closely before they are willing to invest in or trade with foreign countries.

The secretary stressed that the list should not be seen as a measure of the United States' interest in particular-countries or regions. No Middle Eastern state is on the list, nor is Russia, although Washington's interest in both is undisputable, Mr. Brown said that his own travels to the Middle East attest to the importance the United States attaches to its commercial relations with the

He also discussed the U.S. trade deficit with Japan, which is projected to reach \$60,000 million in 1994. The United States is "not pleased" with the status of the framework negotiations on that issue, he said. "We are still looking for a response from Japan," he said - United States Information

When presidents need it, they declare a crisis By Walter R. Mears next year, Mr. Clinton said

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON --- In an optimistic annual report. President Clinton deems the State of the Union to be good and impro-ving under democratic management - but he can't afford to go without one crisis.

That would be health care. To win election-year action on that centrepiece proposal, the White House needs the urgency of crisis, which has become the odd shorthand in a debate over how much needs to be changed and how quick-

In addition, Mr. Clinton's health care plan has been tangled in a dispute over welfare reform, which he also promised but has not yet sent to congress. Democratic leaders of the Senate and House say they can handle both this year. but there are sceptics. Con-gress seldom digests proposals so major so fast, The White House declared

health care reform to be Mr. Clinton's top domestic priority in 1994, but his campaign to get it done has been slipping. Critics, not all of them Republicans, now argue that there is no crisis demanding the com-plete overhaul Mr. Clinton wants. They advocate gradual change instead.

Nobody denies that there is a health care problem, go-slow Republicans say it is not of crisis proportions warranting a total overhaul. Democrats, like speaker Thomas S. Foley. counter that it certainly is a crisis, for the uninsured and because of the cost.

Boasting that the deficit is expected to be down, \$180 billion instead of \$300 billion

next year, Mr. Clinton said there must be health care reform to keep curbing deficits in

the long haul. So the president's State of the Union address to Congress and the nation, tonight is an opportunity to renew the health care push. But it isn't as easy as telling a Democratic Congress to get at it, in the fashion of a Lyndon B. Johnson pushing great society proposals. With budget barriers to new spending, party loyalties frayed and reelection campaigns bearing down, no president could send a catalogue of proposals and expect to see

anything done about them. There are competing and conflicting priorities among these Democrats, and rival health reform plans.

At the same time, Mr. Clinton must deal with his promise of welfare reform, which is popular with centrist and conservative Democrats and with Republicans, but worrisome to democratic liberals who don't want benefits cut.

Compounding that problem, Sen. Daniel Patrick Moynihan, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, wants welfare reform moved up the agenda, and has said he might hold health care hostage to get that done. Since his committee deals with both, he could do

First up, though, will be the crime Bill Clinton is urging Congress to enact swiftly. The Senate already has passed a crime measure that includes new gun controls and subsidies to help put 100,000 more police officers on the streets.

Mr. Clinton is expected to endorse provisions for life imprisonment of people convicted of three violent crimes.



Diplomat assassinated

(Continued from page 1) rwo years, much to the dissatisfaction of extremists and Muslim fündamentalists.

This is a stab at Lebanon... (aimed at) destroying the return of stability and security," Mr. Bouez the Lebanese foreign minister, said after seeing off Mr. Maaytah's body at Beirut airport.

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Mr. Maaytah is survived by his wife and three children two boys and a girl. He had been serving in Lebanon for about a year, handling mainly economic and administrative affairs. His family was in Jor-

Mr. Maaytah was the first Jordanian diplomat to be killed in Lebanon. In 1981, the Iordanian charge d'affaires was kidnapped but was released a month later in Syria. Saturday's attack also was the first assassination of a fore-

igner attached to a diplomatic mission in Beirut since 1989. A Saudi working for the Saudi Arabian embassy was killed in west Beirut in 1989. Two years earlier, two French embassy guards were killed in

east Beirut. In 1986, the

French military attache was shot dead near the embassy in

In the past year, the government has intensified its campaign to lure foreigners back, claiming Beirut was now se-

Embassies have been trick-

Several Jordanian diplomats were assassinated between 1983 and 1985 in different world capitals, with most attacks claimed by the Palestinian group the Fatch Revolutionary Council, led by Abu

"This is a signal which we do not take lightly," an official told Reuters. He said embassies had been told to take

Assassins will face justice

(Continued from page 1)

in the face of evildoers and criminals and would stand as a fortress and a united family in the face of adversity.

He was speaking in a statement to the press at the airport where he was at the head of Jordanian officials to receive the body of Mr. Maaytah.

who commit such crimes not escape punishment."

anyone but God."

doled the relatives of the bereaved family at the airport, said Jordan would support all efforts aimed at uncovering the identity of the assailants.

doing all it can to deal with the situation, he said.

"The crime proves once again that innocent people pay the price when the criminals remain at large. This situation is totally unacceptable to this country and we will do all we can to bring the criminals to-

world. Earlier in the day, Deputy Prime Minister Ma'an Abu

House of Parliament meeting. ceived the news about the

ssassination...," he said. "The treacherous hand behind the criminal act can never achieve its end of harming this

The Foreign Ministry issued a statement condemning the assassination as a heinous crime and stressed that the government would pursue all possible procedures to

condemns this criminal aggression," a Foreign Ministry statement said.

"We will take the necessary steps to investigate the cirturnstances of the attack and pursue the terrorists and cri-

minals responsible for this cri-A delegation flew to Beirut to bring home the body of Mr.

and a father of three posted to Lebanon last February. Acting Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Fawaz Abul Ghanam received a telephone call from his Lebanese counterpart Fariz Bouez offering condolences to the Jordanian government and people as well as the bereaved Maaytah fami-

"The killing is a tragedy and a stab at efforts of the Lebanese government to achieve stability in Lebanon, Mr. Bouez said. Dr. Abul Ghanam received another call from Lebanese Interior Minister Bishara Mirhaj who also expressed sympathy stressing that the Lebanese authorities would spare no effort in uncovering the identity of the

assailants. Dr. Abul Ghanam later summoned Lebanese Ambassador Ahmad Ibrahim and requested that the Lebanese government undertake the necessary investigations to uncover the identity of the assailants and to take measures to ensure the security of Jordanian diplo-

Mr. Mirhaj also called his

east Beirut.

Almost the entire diplomatic corps fled the Lebanese capital during the 1975-90 civil war, when assassinations, hostagetaking and suicide bombing attacks became rampant.

ling back since the Lebanese army disbanded and disarmed militias in Beirut and its environs in 1991.

Jordan has ordered all its embassies to tighten security after the killing in Beirut on Saturday, officials said.

Jordanian counterpart,

Salameh Hammad, expressing

grief and sympathy. He briefed

taken by the Lebanese govern-

ment to deal with the situation

and to uncover the identity of

Receiving the body of Mr. Maaytah were also His Royal

Highness Prince Abdullah.

Hammad on the steps

The Prince warned: "Those

Prince Hassan, who con-

The Lebanese government

justice," the Regent said. Asked if the assassination was targetted against the peace process, the Regent said, 'Certainly it was directed against everything and all the

homeland in silence." faith in God and in his home-

the people of Jordan, this country which they have targetted repeatedly but failed. Jordan will always remain steadfast as the mountains of Moab, Al Sharah, Umm Qais, Ajloun and Zai," she said.

She said her husband was a proponent of a message, Arab in its goals and Islamic in its roots. "This message will be carried after him by his chil-dren, who are all the children of this land, the children of Al

Hussein," she said. Mr. Maaytah was born in Karak in Aug. 31, 1951. He was appointed at the foreign ministry as an attache Oct. 27 1974. He served at Jordanian missions in Santiago, Kuwait,

Jeddah, Cairo, and Baghdad. The Public Freedoms Committee at the Lower House also

Three years later, Gulf people and environment still suffer from 'he 'legacy' of the war

By Michael Jansen

Three years after the U.S.led coalition drove the Iraqi army out of Kuwait, the 43 day war still takes a toll on the people and environment of the Gulf states and Iraq. Little or nothing has been done to repair the destruction wrought by the presence of vast armies and armadas in an area where the ecological balance between man and a desert environment is particularly delicate or to clean up after a massive military cam-

Although climatologists predicted that soot and smoke released by bluzing oil wells could, in a month. shade more than a fifth of the earth's surface and disrupt the Asian monsoon, this did not happen, even when Kuwait's wells burnt for nine

months rather than one.

Some 720 of Kuwait's 900 oil wells capable of production sustained damage during the war, the majority set on fire by explosive charges set by withdrawing Iraqi troops but many torched by conlition air raids and artillery bombardments. Although these fires were extinguished by November, the wells burned a billion barrels of crude, emitting a 15,000square-kilometre cloud of smoke and toxic, carcinogenic chemicals. Tonnes of sulphur and nitrogen oxide turned into nitric and sulphuric acids and fell to the earth as acid rain on Iraq, Kuwait, Iran and Turkey. This acidity has, in the short

hydrocarbons which fell on Senator Hammad Al these countries and Saudi Maaytah described the de-Arabia. ceased as "one of the home-The burning wells also land's martyrs who sacrificed emitted clouds of oil droplets their blood for its sake." and plumes of soot which fell Thousands of citizens, relaonto the surface of the desert tives of the deceased, his and the waters of the Gulf. friends, and government offi-While the wells burned, oil cials were also at the airport to and soot coated livestock and receive the body, which was

taken to Al Hussein Medical Centre from where it will be taken to the funeral Sunday. Lower House of Parliament Speaker Taher Masri meanwhile condemned the killing,

describing it as a criminal act. "The martyrdom of Jordanian diplomat Nayeb Maaytah is but a new sacrifice offered by the citizens of Jordan to protect its blessed march," he

said. "The evil, terrorist hands that committed the act should be cut and punished and such ugly terrorist deeds will not affect the steadfastness of Jor-

dan," he added. Mr. Masri, who served as prime minister and earlier as foreign minister, said he knew Mr. Maaytah "as a pious and hard working man who performed his duty towards his

The wife of the deceased Hanan, said her husband had land, and was an example in his true sense of belonging to his people and allegiance to

King Hussein. Abu Zeid was a member of

condemned the crime.

the damage caused by the 1991 spill could not be measured because there had been no previous surveys of the Gulf, a team of scientists taking part in an expedition mounted by the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration reported 16 months after the spill that in deeper Gulf waters marine life had begun to recover and procreate. One of the scientists involved, however, be-lieved there had been a "permanent change" in the ecology of that semi-enclosed body of water. Today, thick sludge lies

along hundreds of miles of Gulf shoreline and on the bed of the Gulf, continuing to suffocate coral and kill marine life. The coastal states did not mount a massive clean-up campaign in the Gulf because they claimed currents from the open sea would clean the Gulf in three to five years. But scientists like Dr. Farouk Al Baz, of the Centre for Remote Sensing of Boston University, contradict this claim on the ground that replacement water slowly enters the Gulf towards the top, not along the bottom where the sludge rests, making it "difficult to cleanse the Gulf water natur-

ally."
The limited clean-up campaign conducted by the Gulf states caused new problems. Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Qatar concentrated on clearing-up spills near desalination plants, providing 70-80 per cent of their drinking water. They used floating booms to protect the intakes of these plants then skimmed oil from the surface and dumped it into depressions and shallow pools onshore. To these sticky masses of crude emitting noxious fumes along the shores must be added vast lakes of crude spilled from the gushing wells. Not only do these deposits harm any insect, animal or human being coming into contact with them but also they threaten to pollute

underground aquifers which sustain all life in the region. Very little publicity has been given to the most widespread form of environmental disruption caused by the Gulf conflict. This is the destruction of the fragile surface of the desert caused by the lated area, of more than three-quarters of a million men and the prosecution of a war. It would seem that mankind has learnt little from the destruction wrought in the deserts of North Africa by the campaigns of World War I and II.

The fragile, stabilising layer of pebbles on the surface of the desert, called the

"desert pavement" or the "desert shield", was widely disrupted by the presence of troops, their movements and the digging of trenches and building of earthworks in Iraq, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia. The destruction of the "shield" exposed lower layers of sand and dust to wind erosion, producing sand storms and shifting dunes which threaten towns, roads and airports.

Underground water reservoirs were polluted with sewage and toxic waste (such as paint, pesticides, oils and fuels and the substance known as "DS2" for decontaminating chemical weapons). The forces also deposited on the surface of the desert vast mountains of refuse and garbage, including nondegradable plastic and metallic materials, wrecked vehicles, spare parts, plastic water bottles and food and drink

Finally, thousands of casualties among human beings and livestock have been caused by unexploded bombs and bomblets from cluster bombs, from mines and live bullets which still litter the desert and take their toll long after the fighting ended.

Members of the Gulf war coalition have managed to keep quiet about other adverse consequences of the campaign. Dr. Eric Hoskins. a Canadian member of the Harvard University medical team which undertook public health research in Iraq after the war, broke the story in an article published in "The International Herald Tribune' in January 1993. He said that depleted uranium residue from armour piercing anti-tank shells created both radiation and chemical hazards for human beings and animals, particularly in southern Iraq. These deposits of uranium, he wrote, "may have already contaminated soil and drinking water" leaving a dangerous legacy for future generations. Doctors in the U.S. have been investigating mysterious illnesses among American veterans of the Gulf conflict and physicians at Baghdad's main pediatric hospitals report a rising incidence of birth de-

These ecological and public health problems were an unintentional but predicted byproduct of the war. But there was also the intentional assault on Iraq's physical. economic, cultural and human environment. And this continues and is compounded by the coalition-dominated U.N. imposed sanctions reg-

fects among children born in



A Kuwaiti oil tanker hit by Gulf warfare (File photo)

The Tigris-Euphrates river system, the cradle of Iraq's ancient civilisation, has been seriously polluted because of coalition bombing of Iraq's electricity-generating and water and sewage treatment plants. The prohibition of chemicals for the treatment of sewage under the sanctions regime prevents the restoration of these facilities to prewar levels and exacerbates the pollution problem, particularly in the south of the country, in the marshlands and the Basra area which lie downstream from Iraq's main cities. Untreated sewage dumped into the rivers by these cities pours into the Gulf.

The West took another political decision which could

the environment when it decided to support the Iraqi opposition-in-exile, one faction of which consists of Iranian-sponsored Shiite rebels who have taken refuge in the vast marshlands of the south. In order to put an end to the rebellion by depriving the guerrillas of their wetland cover and their physical connection with Iraq. Baghdad

have a devastating impact on

recorded. Thus, the coalition "victory" against Iraq has brought desolation to the fragile environment of the Gulf

as well as deprivation and

has drained 40-60 per cent of

the marshes which have been

a factor in the ecology of the

region since history was first

years experience in advocacy said that the coalition simply followed the usual practice of the first world which, traditionally, wreaked havoc in the Third World and then abandoned its handiwork. leaving the hapless governments and people of the affected areas to clear up as

death to the people of Iraq.

Having conquered, the coali-

tion departed. An American

environmentalist with 30

best they can. The United Nations Environment Programme has called upon governments to develop an effective mechanism to respond in the future to such man-made environmental disasters, but so far this call has received scant support.



Drawing water from a lagoon built to fight the fires (File photo)

Two wounded .

smothered vegetation, and

since there was no real clean

up campaign after the fires

were put out, these residues

still blanket-the countryside,

poisoning crops and grazing

animals like sheep and goats.

In some localities the de-

posits are two inches thick.

without burning were more

destructive than those that

burned because they flooded

60 per cent of Kuwait with

tens of millions of barrels of

crude. And more than six

million barrels of oil flowed

into the shallow waters of the

already oil-polluted Gulf.

causing severe marine pollu-

Although the full extent of

(Continued from page 1)

sending out signals recently that it is ready to share power with the PLO.

Palestinian sources said.

The latest arrests bring to 44 the number of Fateh activists, including 12 Hawks, apprehended by Israeli forces

announced the resumption of their attacks against the army in the Gaza Strip.

By Norma Holmes

WASHINGTON - More than 50 tonnes of excess weaponsgrade plutonium resulting from the dismantlement of many thousands of nuclear weapons present "a clear and present danger" to international security that must be dealt with promptly, a U.S. National Academy of Sciences study warns.

"None of the options yet identified for managing this material can eliminate the danger: all they can do is to reduce the risks," said Bruce Alberts. president of the National Academy of Sciences, in a statement on the committee findings.

The study, on "The Management and Disposition of Excess Weapons Plutonium," was prepared by the academy's standing Committee on Inter-national Security and Arms Control (CISAC) at the request of the National Security Council. It concludes that improved global safeguards and security are "urgently needed" for not only excess weapons plutonium but also the hundreds of tonnes of civilian plutonium mounting worldwide as a by-product of nuclear power.

"We recommend that the United States pursue new agreements to ensure that all civil fissile materials worldwide are under safeguards, with stringent standards of security and accounting," Wolfgang K.H. Panofsky, professor and director emeritus of the Stanford Linear Accelerator Centre who led the study, said in a Jan. 24 briefing about the findings of the year-long project.

urgent action on plutonium Soviet Union pose a particular danger because of the ongoing political, social, and economic

upheavals there," he said. Mr. Panofsky said the committee recommends using this imminent danger as an opportunity "to set a standard of improved security and accounting that would be applied to all fissile materials worldwide."

Excess weapons-grade plutonium constitutes only a small part of the global plutonium stock, which includes many hundreds of tonnes of plutonium spent fuel, almost 90 tonnes of separated civilian plutonium, plutonium in scrap and residues, and other materials, he pointed out.

Although reactor-grade plutonium differs significantly from weapons-grade plutonium, the report stresses its easy convertibility into weapons. "Even the relatively simple designs, such as that used in the Nagasaki weapon, are within the capabilities of many nations and possibly some subnational groups," the report points out, urging that overall control standards for reactor-grade plutonium be reassessed.

Other committee members at the briefing were John P. Holdren, professor of energy at the University of California at Berkley, Catherine McArdle Kelleher, senior fellow in Foreign Policy Studies at the Brookings Institution and Spurgeon M. Keeny, Jr., president of the Arms Control

Association. "This issue is of such high priority that it requires leadership coming from the highest level" of government, Ms. Kelleher stressed. "Until that critical decision is made at the highest level, the basis for determining policy will not be in

Academy of science calls for

place," she said.
Mr. Panofsky said the breakup of the Soviet Union vastly complicates the entire process, creating risks that nuclear weapons and materials could "fall into the hands of unauthorised parties." Current economic and social turmoil could lead to theft, bribery or corruption at nuclear material

sites, he warned. The report calls attention to several cases of uranium thefts that have been confirmed by responsible Russian officials, including one theft of weapons-grade material. "This is a pressing problem for international security," Mr. Panofsky said.

"Managing, securing and accounting for these materials when even a grapefruitsized ball, weighing only several kilogrammes, is enough to make a nuclear bomb — will be a monumental task."

Photonium poses special difficulties he said, because, unlike highly enriched uranium, it cannot be easily "blended down" to a proliferation-resistant form, and it cannot compete economically in the current market for nuclear fuels.

The weapons to be dismantled contain 100 tonnes or more of plutonium and hundreds of tonnes of highlyenriched uranium. These materials are the essential ingredients of nuclear weapons, and limiting access to them is the primary remaining technical barrier to the spread of nuclear weapons capability in the world today," Mr. Panofs-

The report, adopted unanimously by the Academy's 16member committee, covers three stages of the process of reductions: dismantlement of nuclear weapons, intermediate storage of the resulting fissile materials, and long-term disposition of materials, as well as a transparency regime designed to apply to all nuclear weapons and fissile materials

in all of these stages. It also recommends immediate action "at the highest levels of government" that would lead to safe storage of nuclear weapons materials in the short term, coupled with new agreements on wide-ranging information exchanges and monitoring to accurately account for nuclear weapons.

For the longer term, the report urges that options for the disposition of plutonium be designed to meet a "spent-fuel standard," making this plutonium as difficult to acquire and make from weapons as the much larger growing amounts of plutonium in spent-fuel from civilian reactors worldwide. This should be done as quickly as possible, while maintaining the strictest standards of accounting and security and ensuring protection for the environment, public safety

Although none of the available options meet perfectly these long-term objectives. Mr. Panofsky said, among the most promising technologies clearly in sight is "vitrification" - a way of processing the material into "glass logs" that contain high-level radioactive wastes, making it difficult to recover for use in weapons.

A second option would be to bury the plutonium in boreholes several kilometres beneath Earth's surface, an option that has been less studied but that may turn out to be comparably attractive. Mr.

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Panofsky said. The report says that new, Hotel advanced nuclear reactors would not be necessary for weapons plutonium disposition, but adds that the need to deal with excess weapons plutonium should not drive decisions concerning the future of

nuclear power. "We have concluded that advanced reactors should not be specifically developed or built for transforming weapons plutonium into spent fuel, because that aim can be achieved more rapidly, less expensively, and more surely by using existing or evolutionary reactor types," Mr. Panofsky ex-

plained. He said that for security, environmental and other practical reasons, the committee ruled out a wide array of technologies that has been proposed for plutonium disposition, from underground explosions to launching material into

"Even the best of the disposition methods cannot make a significant dent in the stockpiles of excess plutonium for more than a decade - maybe beyond," Mr. Panofsky said. "Thus the world is condemned to 'baby-sit' this dangerous stockpile for many years to come. We believe the U.S. government should elevate the priority given to these issues" - United States Information

Prime Minister Abdul Salam said or no-Maiali. Cabinet members, the against innocent civilians will King's advisors, Chief Chamberlain Prince Raad Ben Zeid, term at least, changed the Jordan, he added, "will rechemical composition of topseveral members of the Upper main a united family and soil in these countries. Furth-Jordanians will not bow to and Lower Houses of Parliaermore, burning crude proment and the Lebanese ambasduced metal residues and

the assassins.

was very cooperative and was *

criteria of civilisation in the

Nowar announced the death of Mr. Maaytah during an Upper "A short while ago we re-

country," he added.

apprehend its perpetrators. The Jordanian government

Maaytah, a career diplomat

mats in Lebanon.

elections at the Gaza Engineers Association ended in a tie Friday night. The two agreed to rotate majorities on

the nine-member executive council for the next two years. Fatch is to take charge once Palestinian self-rule begins later this year. Hamas is the leading opponent to the Israel-PLO accord, but has been

Israeli troops Friday arrested six militants of Fateh in the occupied Gaza Strip.

The six men, three of them members of the Fateh Hawks were arrested during an army operation in Gaza City, they

since Saturday, the sources On Nov. 29 the Hawks

Expectations low in Davos

(Continued from page 1) Posh Seehofer hotel late afternoon. He went in through a garage entrance to reporters and television crews crammed.

in the entrance area. Mr. Peres is staying at the same hotel. Before leaving his headquarters in Tunis, Mr. Arafat held a pre-dawn meeting with the PLO Executive Committee then met with the U.S. ambassador in Tunis to request American help in ending the deadlock with Israel, the PLO news agency WAFA said. WAFA said Mr. Arafat re-

peated his accusation that Israel was creating obstacles in the implementation of the

accord. Mr. Peres said on the eve of the talks that he came to Davos "with a desire to sign" an agreement, "but it can very well be that there will only be

word has a different echo."

the opportunity to talk. "We are holding negotia-'tions on sensitivities, on nations, very difficult sensitivities." Mr. Peres said. "Every "Materials in the former

ATT chief urges new grouping or world economic cooperation

Cl M/OS (R) — World trade M, chief Peter Sutherland Diay urged creation of a new Mal grouping involving lead-of developed and develop-Ed untries in international Giomic cooperation.

r. Sutherland, who heads Ec General Agreement on Joffs and Trade (GATT). ated the body should re-Ut the Western-dominated Teap of Seven" widely critifor leaving new economic Ters out of key decision-Faing.

The cannot continue with a brity of the world's people Suided from global economic Joagement." declared Mr. rland, who will head the Id Trade Organisation O) due to be created in

have a specific proposal to - the setting up of a new -level framework for comcation and cooperation on THomic matters." he told Naymment and business leadattaat the Davos Economic

inte; said the new body should .Worlrawn from developing be atries and former commun-ates now building market orgims as well as the 24 debehped states in the Organisaaire for Economic Cooperaand Development far CD).

thandes said the GATT chief. inteplayed a key role in bring-the seven-year Uruguay Arand trade negotiations to a Tessful conclusion last Deto ser, particularly felt South

Asia and Latin America

should be closely involved. Mr. Sutherland, whose criticism of the Group of Souna received backing at the sameforum session from top United States economic analyst C. Fred Bergsten, said premiers. trade and finance ministers of the new grouping should meet regularly.

Institutional support would be provided by the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the WTO — whose creation as a more powerful replacement for the GATT was agreed in the Uruguay Round trade talks which ended last month.

"Setting up such a forum is the logical next step in the development of global economic cooperation for which the success of the Uruguay Round has done so much," the GATT chief said.

"It is the next challenge of international economic leadership — the challenge of translating the common interest in global growth into a practical and effective mechanism for solving our common economic problems together." he pointed out.

The Group of Seven — the United States, Japan, Germany, Italy, Canada, France and Britain - has held annual summits since the mid-1970s to take decisions on the world economy, but has come under fire as its members' own economies have faltered.

Mr. Sutherland said the question had to be asked whether the Group of Seven. the Paris-based OECD and re-

gior al groupings were adequate to provide effective cooperat on in a rapidly-changing wor.d.

The fact is that the countries which will increasingly provide our best hope for economic growth and new markers are simply not represented where it counts most," the 47-year-old GATT chief, known for his tough-talking, told the forum.

Mr. Bergsten, director of the Washington Institute for International Economics and a former assistant treasury secretary, echoed Mr. Sutherland's strictures. The Group of Seven, he said, had failed totally in the past year to im-prove the world economy.

Recalling that he told the forum in the Swiss mountain resort just 12 months ago that the Group of Seven was dead, he declared: "Unfortunately, that epitaph must be repeated

today Mr. Bergsten said that Japan and the United States must cooperate to strengthen the

He said the previous rise of the yen, reaching a peak in mid-1993, had promised a substantial reduction in Japan's global and bilateral payments surpluses.

"About half of that improvement has been lost with the renewed yen depreciation (over recent months)," he told the annual World Economic Forum in Davos.

"It's imperative that Japan cooperate now with the United States to halt and at least partly

Dow Jones climbs to new high

NEW YORK (AFP) - Bluechip share prices were lifted by a report showing strong U.S. economic growth, propelling the Dow Jones industrial average to its 11th record of 1994.

The Dow index of leading industrials jumped 19.13 points to close at 3,945.43 on a surge of investor optimism after the government reported fourthquarter economic growth at a rate of 5.9 per cent.

Trading on the New York Stock Exchange was heavy with some 312 million issues changing hands, and winners outpacing losers nearly two to one: 1,302 up, 760 down and 671 unchanged.

The government's report on the gross domestic product was the best in six years, and it surpassed analysts' predictions

of 5.5 per cent growth.

The rosy GDP figures bolstered by a modest inflation rate of 1.3 per cent against 1.6 per cent for the second and third quarters of 1993, helped to bouy the stock market. On the bond market, the

interest rate on the benchmark 30-year treasury bonds fell to 6.21 per cent against 6.26 per cent on Thursday.

Larry Wachtel of Prudential Securities said the broad rise in the market was a sign of overall strength in stocks, not merely several rising stocks

pulling up the Dow average.
"I think the market is finally realising, if you do not overheat the economy, and it is steady growth, then it is a big said Nelson Gold of Interstate Johnson/Lane.

U.S. economy grows at fastest rate in six years many economists and it surpas-

sed the 5.7 per cent rate a year

earlier, when a bubble of

optimism around the election

of President Clinton fuelled a

Many analysts expect the

consumer buying binge.

WASHINGTON (AP) - U.S. economic growth surged to a 5.9 per cent annual rate in the last three months of 1993, the best in six years, paced by a consumer spending spree on homes and big ticket goods such as autos.

The advance in the gross domestic product (GDP), the total of all goods and services produced in the United States, was the best since the fourth quarter of 1987 — when Ronald Reagan was president and 21/2 years before the start of the 1990-91 recession.

"You can't get much more solid and steady growth than that," Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen told the U.S. conference of mayors.

At the White House, spokesman Mark Gearan said, we're delighted. I think the choices made for the economic plan last year resulted in lower interest rates and this beginning sign of an economic re-

According to a preliminary report Friday from the Commerce Department, spending on durable goods, including autos, furniture and appliances, rose at a robust 14.3 per cent annual rate.

That helped produce a healthy four per cent increase overall in consumer spending, which accounted for roughly two-thirds of the nation's economic activity.

Housing construction, spurred by mortgage rates near 25-year lows, advanced at a 31.7 per cent rate. Economists said much of the other consumer spending was fuelled by purchases of goods to put in newly purchased homes.

The phenomenal growth occurred at the same time that a measure of inflation tied to the GDP sank, to the lowest level since 1967.

For the year, GDP was 2.9 per cent higher than 1992, the best gain in five years.

In 1993 banks issued 40 tril-

may force brokers to resche-

dule their loans from banks.

Mr. Abac said.

NO, LÀST NIGHT

YOU HAD YOUR

SUPPER IN THE RED

DISH AND WATER IN

THE YELLOW DISH.

The latest quarterly rate was even stronger than the 5.5 per

latest rush of economic activity to fade somewhat, but not as severely as the relapse recorded at the start of 1993, which saw a barely noticeable 0.8 per cent growth rate in the

first quarter. "I think we're going at a pace which is not going to be sustainable but it does not mean we're going to fall into the same sort of situation that occurred a year ago when we hit the wall," said economist

Trust Co. in Chicago. He and other economists expect roughly a three per cent growth rate in the current quarter, not a gangbusters pace but still respectable.

Robert Dederick of Northern

In addition to housing and consumer spending, growth was propelled in the fourth quarter by a huge 21 per cent advance in business investment in new buildings and equipment, the best since 1978.

Purchases of computers and other efficiency-enhancing equipment rose at a 24.6 per cent rate. Even the longmoribund commercial construction sector advanced, at a 10.7 per cent rate.

Government purchases and trade detracted from growth. Also, the fourth-quarter growth rate was somewhat exaggerated by the way the government measured the effects of last summer's floods in the midwest and drought in the

Crop losses took 0.6 percentage points off the overall third-quarter growth rate, reducing it to 2.9 per cent. The absence of the losses in the fourth quarter added 0.4 percentage points to the latest quarterly rate.

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Even though the overall GDP advance in the fourth quarter was large, the recovery now nearly three years old - has been weak by historical standards.

The Commerce Department said economic output has increased 7.7 per cent since the end of the recession in March 1991. That's only half the average gain of 15.4 per cent during the same period of past expansions since 1960.

Looking ahead, economists believe consumer spending, which represents roughly twothirds of economic activity, will continue to grow, but not quite so robustly.

According to Evelina Tainer of Prime Economic Consulting in Chicago, the pattern of consumer spending shows underlying caution stemming from the fact that income growth has not kept up with spending growth, forcing consumers to finance much of their spend-

"We did have a good holiday season... but people are buying necessities, not luxuries. The spending isn't frivolous and that indicates people are still very unsure," she said.

In addition, economists don't know yet precisely how much this month's deep freeze in the east and midwest and the Los Angeles earthquake will detract from first-quarter

and ankamerica to buy Continental Bank for \$1.9b

tota V YORK (AFP) — Bank-rica Corp., in a surprise **Pur**e, announced plans Friday negscquire Continental Bank tear). of Chicago in a cash and k deal valued at \$1.9 bil-

counte deal would be Bankpro rica's first major acquisisince its mega-merger with is Lrity Pacific Bank in 1991. respe San Francisco-based kamerica, the nation's ser nd largest banking comgov, and Continental, the nato is 33rd largest, said in a greiment both companies had d a definitive agreement

COMPe combination will elevate wkamerica's asset base to \$209.6 billion, leaving it a Jnd only to the nation's lighest banking company Citi-to of New York which has t \$220 billion in assets.

Vhere is a superb fit be-Lehn the two organisations," the Richard Rosenberg, tamerica's chairman and fore executive. "We completion each other remarkably within terms of business lines, nce sheets, and geographic intence.

Janking industry analysts effe impressed with the com-

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bination, saying it will strengthen Bankamerica's presence in the midwest.

"It's a good deal for Banksaid David Berry, research director at Keefe Bruyette and Woods, a New York-based brokerage firm.

Bankamerica said the merger would allow it to strengthen its presence in banking for middle and large sized corporations, which has been Continental's specialty.

Continental has undergone a remarkable transition in recent vears. The bank was rescued from the brink of failure by federal bank regulators in May 1984. A rumour carried on a that Continental was struggling with a cash-flow crisis touched off what was the largest bank run in history at the time. Continental lost \$1.16 billion.

Since then, Continental drastically trimmed the size of its business and focused on corporate banking. The man credited with engineering that turnaround, Continental Chairman Thomas Theobald, will step down after completion of the merger, which is expected sometime this summer, bank spokesmen said. Continental is now Chica-

go's second largest bank.
"In addition to its strong market position in the Chicago area, Continental has deep relationships with corporations across the country, especially among privately held com-Mr. Rosenberg said.

the same way that the United

States intervened to stop the

steady rise of the yen just

before it reached 100:1

(against the dollar) last Au-

He said Japan's adoption of

an effective fiscal stimulus

would help achieve the needed

currency turnaround. Plans for

such a package have been de-

layed after political reforms

proposed by the government

were rejected by the upper

Mr. Bergsten said it was

necessary to engineer a modest

appreciation of the yen and

then minimise the risk of fu-

ture depreciation by setting a

'target zone or reference

Mr. Bergsten said the U.S.-

Japan bilateral dispute over

Tokyo's huge trade surplus was

the major trade problem facing

the world in 1994. It could

escalate sharply in the very

near future and could precipi

trade crisis.

in 1994," he said.

tate the next international

will probably reach a record

level (more than \$160 billion)

renewed deterioration of

America's underlying competi-

tive position, which is in fact

improving as indicated by the

continuing rapid growth of

productivity in manufacturing

and by the five-year program-

me adopted by Congress to cut

the budget deficit in half," he

"The American trade deficit

This is not because of any

against the dollar.

range between 100:1 and

gust," he emphasised.

The banks said they expected moderate cost savings from the merger, which would require approval from state and federal regulators.

The banking companies said

tween 500 to 800 full-time equivalent jobs through the merger as offices in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles and other major cities are com-

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Handle practical affairs at home and make this a most productive cent predicted in advance by day. Be sure to show more cooperation with family members Devaluation forces Turkish banks to change gear who are trying to adjust to some new circumstances that concern

> ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) lion lira (\$2.2 billion) worth of This is not a good day to spend a great deal of money for recreaasset-backed securities, exempt from reserve requiretion, so be sure you do something constructive to better your Mr. Abac predicted that the devaluation and central bank

you both.

southeast.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) measures to back the lira could Greater success in your work can yours in the future if you use this bankrupt some small banks which have relied heavily on day to contact informally higherups who have power over your affairs. foreign currency funds. "the return on equities was

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) already below inflation in the You will get a great many in-teresting ideas from those you past five years. This is a new blow to the sector," he said. encounter if you busy yourself with shopping, keeping appoint-ments at beauty or barber shop, "Some banks will be in deep

trouble," said Michel Martinovitch, general manager of Credit Lyonnais in Istanbul. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to Bad loans will be another July 21) Be sure you don't permit snag. A tumbling stock market

business associates to come together with personal friends. or you accomplish very little, either materially or socially. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) An associate may argue seriously with a higher-up, but be sure you don't become involved, or you

get into trouble which could hurt your reputation. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Concentrate upon using more modern systems in the fu-

5 First 6 Ms Tocs

ture so that you have greater benefits. Get todays duties done quickly and go off on a tangent. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Get rid of all that depression about you by indulging in gay and happy recreations that are not expensive and are wholesome and satisfying.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) A close tie is irked over at associate with whom you seem to be spending too much time. Be loyal and show that family comes first with you.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY JANUARY 30, 1994

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 ness duties outside of the home should be handled very efficiently today, as well as professional appointments kept, etc.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) By handling important material affairs early, you will then have time to get out into the bustling social world where fine new contacts can be

made. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Be sure you put home and family first today and forego that new and overly-

glittering attraction in the out-side world that is not worthwhile. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Private worries could make you quite miserable now, if you permit. Busy yourself helping others, garnering information you need, reading your paper. getting good ideas for the future.

valuation which erased 1993 several times this week to defend the lira but failed to profits overnight, will now

ISTANBUL (R) — Turkish banks, reeling from a lira dehave to settle for a painful restructuring of their balance sheets to stay afloat, bankers and analysts said Friday.

The banking sector, which had short positions of a \$5 billion, lost about \$600 million when the central bank knocked 11.97 per cent off the dollar value of the lira Wednesday

"Banks will need to restructure their balance sheets," said Metin Berk, chief executive officer at Birlesik Yatirim Bank.

The lira came under fire last week when excess liquidity flowed into foreign currency. It has shed 16.6 per cent of its dollar value this month, compared to 49.3 per cent in 1993. The central bank intervened

quench demands for the dollar. Turkish banks had been expanding the share of foreign funds in their liabilities as the lira eroded more or less in line with inflation in recent years. but central bank measures aimed at propping up the lira may now force them to hit

reverse gear. To boost lira deposits, the central bank imposed a 22 per cent liquidity requirement on a non-deposit liabilities such as foreign currency debts and asset-backed securities. This requirement will rise to 27 per

cent after five months. ·It also raised its rediscount rate to 54 per cent from 48 and abolished reserve require"Banks will start to gradual-

ly square their short dollars and this will create a huge demand for lira." said banking professor Selcuk Abac. "Lira deposits will be the star again." Banks have already jacked

up deposit rates by up to 15 points, offering 88 to 95 per cent for one-year funds but economists say this is just the start of deposit rate rises. These rates are temporary.

We may need a few other revisions," said Ibrahim Betil, general manager of Bankeks-

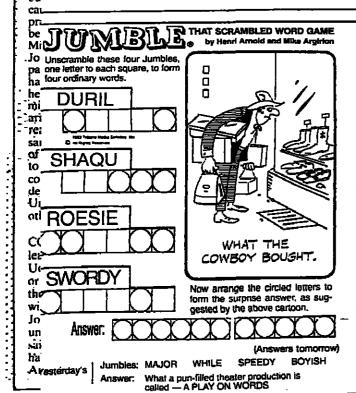
Total lira deposits declined 15 per cent in real terms last year to 251 trillion (\$14.3 billion), while the share of foreper cent of total deposits from 52.



"He's never in a romantic mood because of his allergies. He's allergic to emotions!"

MARRIAGE

COUNSELOR



Peanuts









Andy Capp





Mutt'n'Jeff







THE Daily Crossword by Frank R. Jackson 1 Romantic isle 5 Dull sound 10 Quick blow 15 Wife of Zeus 15 Wife of Zeus 16 Yam 17 Carpenter's p 20 Sheep 21 Charge for passage 27 Assessed 23 Anna's miller 35 Came in first 36 Tightly drawn 37 Misrepresen 39 Odd one 39 Ucu one 40 "— a boyl 41 Machete's kin 42 Velvety fabric 43 Tailor's pair 47 Deserve 48 Love god 49 Pump and brogan Puzzie Solved: 10 Meat cuts 11 Desire 12 Lily plant 13 Care for

18 Fly high 19 Kilmer poem 23 Let it stand 24 1506 25 Fencer's blade 28 Morning song 27 Emulate Cicero 28 Employ again 29 Synthetic tabric 30 Heavy string 31 Ms Doone 32 Terminated 37 South African settler 38 Unbridled enthusiasm 39 Ornkers' spot 41 Bored stiff 42 Making a call 44 Considered

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Sanyo to axe another 2,600 jobs

TOKYO (AFP) — Japan's Sanyo Electric Co. Ltd. announced Friday plans to axe another 2,600 jobs after its parent company suffered an operating loss of 19.4 billion yen (\$180 million) in the year to November.

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The troubled Osaka-based electronic manufacturer said the cuts, to be spread out over the next two years, would reduce its workforce in Japan to less than 26,000 by November

Sanyo cut 2,200 jobs in the year just ended by transferring 1.500 employees to affiliates

and limiting new hiring.
Sanyo blamed a domestic sales slump and lower export profits arising from the stronger yen for the parent's operating loss, up 16 per cent from a year earlier. As a result, the company said it expected to cut its annual dividend from 6.5 to 5.0 yen a share.

Despite the parent's continued losses from its traditional activities, Sanyo boosted its conslidated pre-tax profit almost sixfold to 3.2 billion yen through equity sales bringing in 24 billion yen in capital

The company forecast a further recovery in group pretax earning to six billion yen in the current year. Earnings after tax are projected to return to the black with a net profit of one billion yen, reversing the loss of 1.6 billion yen last year, its second net loss in a row.

Sanyo officials said they wanted to rebuild the company's earnings without resorting to selling off shares. Such sales are nevertheless expected to continue in the current year with capital gains of 14 billion ven forecast.

The company's sale of securities last year boosted nonoperating income 6.5 per cent to 65.2 billion yen. Operating income dived 12.7 per cent to 10 billion yen, reflecting the bigger losses at the parent.

Group sales in the year to November dropped 0.7 per cent to 1,526 billion yen, depressed by sales in Japan which dropped 2.7 per cen to 882 billion yen. But overseas sales climbed 2.3 per cent to almost

645 billion yen. Sanyo said its video equipment sales sagged 4.7 per cent to 255 billion yen while sales of audio equipment decreased 4.2 per cent to 141 billion yen. Electrical equipment sales plunged 10.5 per cent to 311 billion yen and sales of industrial equipment declined 1.1 per

cent to 261 billion yen. The only bright spots were information equipment and electronic devices, where sales leapt 10 per cent to 389 billion yen, and batteries and other products, where sales were up eight per cent to 169 billion

Sanvo forecast a modest increase in group turnover to 1.554 billion ven in the current year but warned that the out-look remained weak.

AFM trading shoots up again

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Trading at the Amman Financial Market (AFM) registered a more than two-third increase last week, rising to JD 21.3 million during the week compared with JD 12.4 million in the previous week, figures released by the market showed Saturday.

Dealers said news that the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) has given preliminary licenses to five Jordanian banks to reopen in the occupied territories was one of the reasons for the rise. But they noted that there

has been a consistent interest on the part of investors on commercial banks in general since the beginning of the year. Commercial bank stocks accounted for JD 11.7 million or nearly 55 per cent of the week's trading. The daily average was JD 4.3 million com-

pared with JD 2.4 million dur-

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nished.

ing the previous week.

More than JD 2 million shares of the Jordan National Bank, which is expected to reopen two branches in the occupied territories, changed hands during the week as speculators who had invested in commercial bank stock took their profits.

Jordan National shares rose by more than 13 per cent during the week, opening at JD 7.050 and closing at JD 8.020, AFM figures showed.

Other banks which have been given approval to reopen in the West Bank included the Jordan Kuwait Bank, whose traded shares were worth JD 1.59 million last week, the Arab Bank (JD 867,000), and the Bank of Jordan (JD 145,000).

Dealers said holders of stocks of these banks were apparently waiting to cash in when the final approval is secured by the banks to reopen in the West Bank and Gaza

The preliminary licenses issued by the CBJ have to be followed up with approval by the bank of Israel before the commercial banks could actually reopen their branches.

But such approval is deemed automatic under the provisions of the Dec. 1 agreement between Jordan and Israel an reopening the banks closed since 1967 when Israel occupied the West Bank and Gaza

Representatives of the banks were expected to travel to the West Bank this week to follow up on the clearance procedures with the Israeli authorities, banking sources said.

At the AFM meanwhile, the Amman Bank for Investments, which has been drawing increased interest since last year, saw JD 2.41 million worth of its shares changing hands during the week.

A sector-by-sector split showed that industries

accounted for JD 7 million of 33 per cent of last week's trading, followed by services firms with JD 2.4 million, or 11.3 per cent, and insurance companies with JD 200,000 (or less than one per cent).

Eighty five of the 114 companies registered at the AFM saw activities last week, an AFM report said. It said stocks of 35 companies rose in value while those of 39 declined and those of 14 firms remained

Under standing AFM regulations, fluctuations in prices are limited to five per cent of the value of the shares.

AFM officials said there was an increased liquidity and investor confidence in the market after the CBJ lifted restrictions on commercial bank credits and Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organistion (PLO) signed an economic cooperation agreement in early WATCH THE

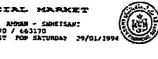
VIA SATELLITE TONIGHT

AT THE FAR EAST RESTAURANT

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Jordan Times Tel. 667171

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET (ROUSING BARK CENTER APPEAR - SEMEISAN: TELEPHONE: 660170 / 663170 MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY 29/01/1994



- 1	Christ a ware	TRADED	PRIV.	OPENIAG	CLOS: PG
		VOLUME	CLOSING	PRICE	PRICE
1		39	PR:CE		
- 1	د معدمه به محمد مه مد دن از کا انتقال برای باکشت مصورینی:	******	-		
	ARAS BANK	61.755	192.000	193.000	192.250
	Jordan Rational Bank	100.580	8.020	8.090	7.950
	BANK OF JOHDAN	17.622	4.B4C	4.830	4.843
	MIDDLE BAST INVESTMENT BANK.	17.775	2.090	2.100	2.070
ı	INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK	46.418	1.585	3.080	3.060
	THE BOOSING BANK	=80.380	6.250	4-270	6.340
	JORGAN KUWATT RANK	40 867	3 220	3 200	3.200
1	SOMOAN GULF HARK	157 GAE	2.230	3.310	2.180
1	ANAR SURGAN THURSTHEN RANK MARRIES, MARRA	430	2.000	4 330	4 200
j	SOSTAN ISTANCE SAME	70 668	4.500	4.200	4 780
1	AMETERED RAME	10,000	4.050	6.820	4 3/6
1	SANGER TRANSPORT / STREET have	10,102	4.470	4.420	1.330
1	JORGAN INVESTMENT & CHANGE DANK	365	7.750	7.700	7.703
- 1	BEIT BURAL SAVINGEINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING	485	4.770	4.850	4,450
- 1	ROBER MARK FOR THVESTMERT	437,948	2.030	2.630	1.790
- 1	PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	41,298	2.430	2.420	7.390
- 1	arabirh etas insurance	975	2.650	2.600	2.600
•	JERUSALSK INSURANCE	>00 c	4.600	4.50D	4.500
ľ	JORDAN FRENCH LISURANCE	2,765	3.690	3.660	3.650
	YARMOUK THEODRANCE & REINSURANCE	3,400	3.400	3.400	3.400
1	PHILADELPHIA INSURANCE	8,068	4.560	4.620	4.610
- 1	al-Wisr al-Asabi insurance	826	4.850	4.860	4,840
- 1	JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	60.089	2.420	2.410	2.400
	ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS	205.988	5.050	5.000	4.950
	NORDAN TOURTSM & SPA CYMPLEY	4.798	0.850	0.820	0.810
	MATTOMAL BORTON TO SPECIETTEES	44 282	4 000	4 140	4,120
	ONLY TOTAL TERRETARIA	401	1.630	1 410	1 650
	MARK SETTING OF CONTINUES TO A CONTINUES AND A	446	7.0.0	7.050	7 690
	TRIPA CHIRPAISES II EQUIPMENTS LINSUNG	. 335	0.740	0.470	0.070
- 1	JOSEPH TRIENGRITOWAL TRADING CENTER	1,721	1.600	1.670	1.070
- 1	ACKNOWN LAKER LOCKDYLICK \ YTWY.I	16,975	13.500	13.600	13.600
- 1	. UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE ROTELS	31,168	2.260	2.270	2.250
- 1	arab inter. For investment & education	43,872	3.440	3.470	3.450
ı	attangerp comst. Haterial manufacturing	1,699	1.710	1.760	1.700
- 1	THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES	223,035	3.080	3.080	3.080
ı	Jordan Phosphate Mines	10.060	3.120	3.150	3.250
	JORDAN PRIROLEUM REFINANT	21,866	10.450	10.450	10.420
- 1	THE INDUSTRIAL CONSERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL	11.720	7.400	7.300	7.350
- 1	THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS	100.543	12.450	12.350	12.350
- 1	ARAH PHARMACPUTTCAL MANUFACTURING	206.988	8.840	8.050	6.000
	TORGAN CENANTO TRUTTERIES	9.725	6.68D	6.600	6.400
- 1	TARRAM DETOR	910	3 150	3 200	3 300
. 1	eng juggya arawa ramarumana. Anana nutifi	D# 061	3.720	3 360	1.900
ī	THE SUMMER FLESS MANUFACTURED	74,701	3.720	4 400	4 600
•	JOHNNY PAPER E CHIMBUARU PACTURUES	9,002	4.800	4.000	2.000
ł	THE PUBLIC MINING	2,380	2.850	2.000	2.000
•	ANNU CHEMICAL DETERGENTS INCOSTRIES	1,950	19.210	17.500	17.300
•	STIMING & WEAVING	9,015	2.750	2.750	2.100
t	RAPIA INDUSTRIES	8,821	2.500	2.300	2.303
ı	Jordan Glass indostries	3,215	0.360	0.160	0.350
ı	dar al dawa developkent & investment	148,609	16.850	16.800	16.850
	ARAS INVESTMENT L INTRICAL TRADE	5,348	2.340	2.320	2.290
]	ARAB ALUHINTUM INDUSTRY	61,D7D	10.150	10.300	10.200
1	ARAR PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	12,097	1.550	1.530	1.510
- 1	WHOSE MENTEST PROPORATION	590	0.390	0.400	0.400
- 1	MATTERN COPPY THRICODY	19.875	5.360	5.300	5.300
ı	PRIJUTAN GIDDE (PRODICE PRODUCTOR -	50 045	1.490	1,480	3.350
1	MIDWIDSTATE LETWI-CERUICUM TABORILIA	4 096	2 140	2 150	2.270
- 1	DONOVA KOCKNOOF INDUSTRIES C .	7,075	7 500	7 760	7.750
ł	ONTARRENT CRIBITENT TREASURERS		4 000	4 800	4 800
1	ALADDIB INDUSTRIES "	2,400	9.700	1 370	4 335
ı	JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCD _	24,765	1.220	4.270	0.360
ı	JORDAN FRECASI CONCRETE INDUSTRY	9,313	0.340	0.350	0.300
ı	MATIONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING	50,392	7.750	7.650	7.480
ı	JORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS	8,570	3.450	3.360	3.350
	RAME BANK ARAG BANK ARAG BANK ARAG BANK ARAG GAT INVESTMENT BANK INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK AND SULF BANK AND SULF BANK AND SULF BANK AND JORDAN INVESTMENT BANK REGINESS BANK BOSINESS BANK BOSINESS BANK BUSITESS BANK BUSITESSAN FOR HOUSTMENT FOR HOUSING MEMBER BANK FOR HOUSTMENT BANK ARABIAN ERBURANCE JORDAN FRENCE INSURANCE JORDAN INSURANCE JORDAN INSURANCE JORDAN INSURANCE JORDAN INSURANCE JORDAN BERNER INSURANCE ANTORIA FORTISTIC POMER BANK INSURANCE PORTICIO SECURITIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT INSURANT SERVER FOR SANC COMPLEX MATICAL PORTISTIC POMER JORDAN HELE FOR INVESTMENT LASING JORDAN HELE FOR INVESTMENT LASING JORDAN HELE FOR INVESTMENT LEDICATION ATTANGESP CONST. HATCRIAL HAMPACTURING THE JORDAN CONSTRUCT FACTORIES JORDAN FREDEUR HELES JORDAN FREDEUR HELES JORDAN FORSPHATE HIRES JORDAN FORSPHATE HIRES JORDAN BORSPHATE	3,798	3.340	3.300	3.310
i	JORDAN KUMAIT CO. FOR AGRI. & FOOD PROD.	6,255	1.250	1.280	1.260
J	KANTHER DAVESTICKT	9,225	2.500	2.380	2.400
- 1	INCIVERSAL MODERN THOUSTRIES	298,431	5.840	5.830	5.910
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Financial

Markets

Cerrency

Sterling Pound

Swiss Franc

French Franc

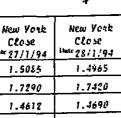
Japanese Yen

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Jordan Times

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in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank U.S. Dollar in International Markets



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Japanese Yen		108.	60	109.80
European Curreny Un	it .	1.11	29**	1.1158
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Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	3.06	3.06	3.18	3.53
Sterling Pound	5.31	5.31	5.19	5.18
Deutsche Mark	6.09	5.68	5.56	5.12
Swiss Franc	4.12	4.00	3.81	3.56
French Franc	6.37	6.06	6.00	5.56

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recious I	Metals			Date: 28.	/1/1994
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	378.15	7.50	Silver	5.02	0.115

2.28

Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.7040	0.7060
Sterling Pound	1.0517	1.0570
Destache Mark	0.4037	0_4057
Swiss Franc	0.4787	0.4811
French Franc	0.1189	0.1195
Japanese Yen	0.6393	0.6425
Dutch Guilder	0.3620	0.3638
Swedish Krona	*****	*****
Italian Lira "	0.0414	0.0416
Belgian Franc	22257	44477



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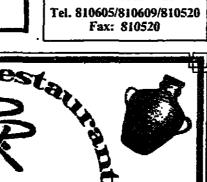
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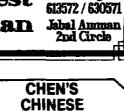
Fried Chicken.

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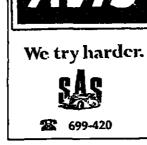
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Parliament enacts Hosokawa reforms in watered-down form

ter Morihiro Hosokawa, who came to power pledging to clean up Japan's corrupt politics, finally won parliamentary approval Saturday for his reform bills - in a watereddown form.

After five months of intense parliamentary battles, the revised bills were passed by both houses of parliament just hours before Mr. Hosokawa's selfimposed midnight- deadline.

Approval meant Japan will now be spared a major political crisis on top of a worsening

If Mr. Hosokawa had failed to push through the bills Saturday, the final day of the current session, he would have been forced to step down or call snap elections.

We have completed the biggest mission of our cabinet." an elated Hosokawa told a caucus of his own party after the passage. "But we still have huge problems ahead of

The breakthrough came late Friday when Hosokawa struck a deal with Yohei Kono, chief of the opposition Liberal

Democratic Party (LDP).
In marathon talks, Mr. Hosokawa finally yielded round to the once-dominant LDP by agreeing to scrap a proposed blanket ban on big business donations to individual politicians and to raise the number of lower house lawmakers to be elected from new single-seat districts.

A weary Hosokawa acknowledged he had made huge concessions. "I made the decision to give in largely to the LDP regarding the contents of the compromise plan," he said. The prime minister added

that he had acted decisively in order to go on to other urgent tasks, including drafting policies to fire up an economy now suffering its worst recession since World War II. After Saturday's vote, he

told a news conference: "It is clear that the biggest issue facing us is the recession.
"I would like to announce

details of the (stimulus) measures by the end of next week," he refused to comment on details, such as the size of proposed income tax cuts.

Mr. Hosokawa won power after his "clean government" campaign had helped to unseat the LDP at last July's general election after a 38-year rule that became a byword for corruption in public life.

Smarting in opposition, the conservative party had paid lip service to reform calls but for months waged parliamentary

trench warfare to resist Mr. Hosokawa's package.

transparent."

the economy.

After Saturday's landmark

parliamentary vote, which

brings the first significant elec-

toral law changes in 40 years.

Mr. Hosokawa immediately

called in his economic minis-

ters to discuss a planned in-

come tax cut and other pillars

of the fresh stimulus measures.

to 70 per cent of Japanese

hacked the government's re-

form agenda, many also voiced

concern the stalemate had held

up urgently needed action on

ble Monday, after a bare one-

day recess, for the start of the

regular 150-day parliamentary

session, they can at last put

reform questions aside and

concentrate not just on the

short-term stimulus measures

but also on the state budget bill

for the 1994 fiscal year begin-

The prime minister has now

cleared the decks at home be-

fore a scheduled trip to

Washington where he must

hold tough trade talks on Feb.

with President Bill Clinton.

to his reforms and to an econo-

mic stimulus package as proof

of his government's capability,

He will now be able to point

ning on April 1.

analysts say.

When lawmakers reassem-

While polls have shown up

The party had grudgingly accepting a need to overhaul the way voters elect the powerful lower house — replacing multi-seat constituencies, believed to encourage lavish campaign spending, with a combination of single-seat districts and proportional representa-

The LDP, grown used to being bankrolled by industry in exchange for favours, baulked however at another main plank of Mr. Hosokawa's platform that would have cut off these

In hopes of salvaging the essence of his bills, passed by the lower house in November but rejected by the upper chamber a week ago, Mr. Hosokawa yielded to the LDP on this point.

The Socialist Party, Mr. Hosokawa's largest but most unreliable coalition partner, had been insisting on outlawing corporate donations to individual politicians but in the end the prime minister had to concede the point, at least for

"I made the decision to override the Socialists' demand," he said. "In five years the donations will be banned and the system (of four-

Mandela launches campaign with vow to bring social justice to S. Africa JOHANNESBURG (R) -

Nelson Mandela Saturday launched the African National Congress (ANC) campaign for South Africa's all-race election, promising social justice and telling supporters: "Today we are almost there."

The ANC leader, who spent nearly three decades in jail for opposing white-minority rule, told a crowd of about 800

people:
"The ANC's vision of a South Africa in which people live in peace and with equal opportunities, is an ideal which sustained me during my 27 years in prison

"It is an ideal for which I was prepared to sacrifice my life. An ideal which together we can realise on 27 April 1994."

The ANC is expected to win the April poll with about twothirds of the vote. It launched its campaign in a cavernous exhibition hall on the edge of Soweto township, with the speakers' platform decked with balloons and banners in party colours of green. black and yellow.

Mr. Mandela, 73, said: "I am confident... we will work together to build a United Nation in a non-racial, non-sexist and democratic South Africa.

The ANC manifesto promised to cut some taxes, raise public spending, and improve housing and education in a social justice drive for blacks left behind during years of white-rule apartheid.

The millions of people without jobs will be at the top of the ANC government's agenda," the movement said. Mr. Mandela took a swipe at white President F.W. De Klerk, his co-recipient of the 1993 Nobel Peace Prize,

saying:
"There are those who would like us to believe that the past doesn't exist, that decades of apartheid rule have suddenly disappeared. But the economic and social devastation of apartheid remain. Our country is in

Mr. De Klerk is campaigning for his National Party (NP), which introduced apartheid in 1948 to perpetuate white minority rule. The party campaign is based on South Africa forgetting the past and looking to the future.

The president was roundly, icered Saturday when here opened an NP office in the black township of Nzinomi,

SARAJEVO (R) — Bosnian

Croat forces acknowledged

Saturday they killed three Ita-

lian journalists in a mortar

attack on Mostar and were

accused of "inadmissible be-

haviour" by the commander of

The television journalists

were among at least five peo-ple who died in the southern

Bosnian city Friday in a Croat assault while a U.N. aid con-

voy delivered food to besieged

Two U.N. soldiers were

wounded in another Croat

attack on a U.N. convoy taking

fuel to a children's hospital at

Batkovici in central Bosnia and

its leader was threatened at

Suspected Muslim gunmen shot dead a British aid worker

and wounded two in central

Bosnia where Croat and

Muslim-led forces fought ter-

ritorial battles, U.N. sources

U.N. Commander-in-Chief

General Jean Cot sent a stiff

protest to the Bosnian Croat Defence Council (HVO) over

the attacks on civilian targets

"This type of behaviour is totally inadmissible and I shall

and U.N. personnel.

Muslims.

gunpoint.

said Friday.

U.N. peacekeeping forces.

not spell out what resistance "I am not calling for revolution. I am not calling for vio-

cannot see how we can be

destruction. ANC and Inkatha followers

accounting for much of the violence in which 14,000 blacks have been killed in four years of apartheid reform. Mr. Buthelezi said he would

not prescribe what choice the Congress should make on elec-



African National Congress (ANC) President Nelson Mandela waves to supporters as he launches the ANC election manifesto on the edge of Soweto near Johannesburg (AFP photo)

outside the Eastern Transvaal town of Bethal.

Several hundred ANC supporters protested outside. shouting ANC slogans. "We don't want De Klerk here. De Klerk must go." one demonstrator told reporters.

Meanwhile, Zulu Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi proposed Saturday that his Inkatha Freedom Party boycott South Africa's all-race national elections in April and consider some form of "resistance poli-

"What I am calling for is the courage to enter the politics of resistance knowing that in the final analysis no government and no constitution can stand that which is really rejected by the people," he told a special congress of his party.

Mr. Buthelezi has joined conservative black and white groups in rejecting the constitution agreed between the government and African National Congress, saying it does not provide for ethnic self-determination.

In his three-hour address Saturday, Mr. Buthelezi did measures he envisaged.

lence." he told 8.000 delegates to the congress, called to consider whether the party should take part in the April election. "I am just saying that I

successfully sidelined in a region where our roots go so He said the interim constitu-

tion designed to govern South Africa for five years under a government of national unity was "specifically designed to promote ANC power and is an instrument for the Inkatha's

have fought bitter turf wars.

tion participation.

Gerry Adams

Adams distances himself from (IRA) violence

DUBLIN (R) - Sinn Fein President Gerry Adams, denied a U.S. visa because of alleged links with the IRA, has distanced himself from its 25year-old guerrilla campaign but stopped short of endorsing an Anglo-Irish peace plan.

"I don't advocate violence. It is my personal and political priority to see an end to the IRA and an end to all other organisations involved in armed actions." he said.

Mr. Adams made the statement Friday after inconclusive talks with the U.S. consul in

Washington had denied him a visa to attend a conference on Northern Ireland because of suspected Sinn Fein links to the Irish Republican Army (IRA).

Sinn Fein has consistently denied allegations by British legislators that it is a front for

Mr. Adams' language was some of the most conciliatory he has used since the launch on Dec. 15 of an Anglo-Irish peace plan to end violence by nationalists fighting to reunite Ireland and protestant extremists trying to prevent it.

But Mr. Adams failed to endorse the plan, a condition laid down by Washington for issuing a visa to attend the National Committee on American Foreign Policy meeting on

Sinn Fein, like the IRA, seeks to reunite Ireland with he province Britain partitioned seven decades ago. In previous statements. Mr. Adams has said he abhors violence but understands Irish people who resort to arms to end "British occupa-

Mr. Adams, barred by the United States for several years. said the thrust of his party's politics had changed some time ago to forging a peace agree-

"I want to see an end to all violence and an end to this conflict.... this means an end to the British army presence and the disbandment of the JRA." he said in his statement issued in Belfast.

-Britain and Ireland have received President Bill Clinton's support for their joint initiative which offers Sinn Fein a place in the political mainstream providing it renounces violence and gets the IRA to lay down

NEWS IN BRIEF

Christopher predecessors attack policies

WASHINGTON (AP) — After receiving an amiable welcome from Secretary of State Warren Christopher, four of his predecessors spent much of the next two hours Friday disapproving what he has wrought over the past year. There was harsh criticism over loss of U.S. credibility in Bosnia. The 11th conference of former secretaries of state attracted four of the eight who are still living: James Baker III. Alexander M. Haig, Edmund S. Muskie and William P. Rogers. Sitting around a horseshoe-shaped table in the building they once commanded, the former cabinet members generally welcomed the Clinton administration's lack of involvement in Bosnia but had few kind words beyond that. There were also criticisms of policy toward China, Somalia, Haiti and other places. Mr. Haig was most troubled by the administration's early resolve to pursue a tough policy against the Serbs, only to back off when the Europeans disagreed. Mr. Haig, who served 17 months as secretary under President Ronald Reagan, said empty threats embolden American adversaries worldwide. 'When you make a threat and you do not do it, then you lose tremendous credibility," Mr. Haig said. In a similar vein, Mr. Baker said. "We've got extraordinary credibility around the world. You can dissipate that credibility very easily. We made a mistake early on in Bosnia by saving we were going to go in there and then backing off," he said.

Mexico frees 38 prisoners in Chiapas

SAN CRISTOBAL DE LAS CASAS, Mexico (R) — The Mexican government Friday freed 38 men who had been jailed on suspicion of joining a peasant uprising that has rocked the southern state of Chiapas. The prisoners, all of whom had said they were innocent, were picked up off the streets as the Mexican army regained control of towns and villages at first seized by the Zapatista National Liberation Army (EZLN) in its New Year's Day uprising. The 38, many of them allegedly beaten and tortured, were released from the Cerro Hueco Prison in the state capital of Tuxtla Gutierrez. Gilberto Ocana Mendez, a senior official of the state prison system, said in a statement that their release was not linked to an amnesty law passed by parliament last week for EZLN rebels. No indigenous peasant guerrillas have yet taken up the amnesty. and about 32 men arrested by army units inside the conflict zone over the last three weeks are still being detained at Cerro

Zhirinovsky refuses to leave Slovenia

LJUBLJANA (AFP) - An aide to Vladimir Zhirinovsky said the Russian ultra-nationalist leader will defy an order to leave Slovenia for allegedly creating public disorder, and a Russian envoy said Russia would not intervene. Mr. Zhirinovsky, who was expelled from Bulgaria during a visit there last month, had no intention of terminating his visit to former Yugoslav Republic Slovenia ahead of schedule, his aide Alexander Zubkov said in remarks carried Saturday by the Slovenian. News Agency (STA). "Mr. Zhirinovsky has no intention of leaving Slovenia before Sunday night. He plans to go. as scheduled, to Portoroz, a seaside resort on the Slovenian coast, and then travel, as planned, to Belgrade Sunday night," the aide said. "We consider we did not upset the peace Thursday night in Bled (northwestern Slovenia)... we ate dinner normally," he added. The Slovenian Foreign Ministry Friday told the Russian politician who heads the right-wing Liberal Democratic Party Friday to leave the country "as rapidly as possible" after accusing him and his entourage of making an uproar in the streets of Bled Thursday night. Mr. Zhirinovsky also reportedly called for the reconstitution of Yugoslavia, including Slovenia.

Strong aftershock shakes L.A. area

LOS ANGELES (R) — A strong aftershock to last week's devastating earthquake rocked the Los Angeles area Saturday. There were no immediate reports of damage or injuries. The quake was felt at around 3:20 a.m. PST (6:20 a.m. EST 0820 GMT) for up to 20 seconds across large sections of southern California. It caused tall buildings to sway, touched off car alarms and rattled resident's nerves. The strongest tremors appeared to be centred in the San Fernando Valley, the epicentre of a magnitude-6.6 quake that struck Jan. 17. killing 60 people, leaving 25,000 homeless and damaging or destroying thousands of structures. Ever since, the area has been shaken by thousands of aftershocks, some measuring more than 4.0 and a few over 5.0 on the Richter Scale. a pattern seismologists say is normal following a major quake.

Kyrgyz leader poised to win referendum

BISHKEK, Kyrgyzstan (R) - Reformist President Askar Akayev, a 49-year-old former mathematics professor, was tipped Saturday to win solid endorsement in Sunday's referendum on his rule of Kyrgyzstan. With horses and helicopters. election officials in Kyrgyzstan prepared to reach even mountain herdsmen in time for the ballot. In Bishkek, the capital of this former Soviet republic, newspapers and officials confidently predicted that Mr. Akayev would win a majority he needs to remain in office until 1996. The outcome will decide whether he can press on with his aim of turning the remote state into a "Switzerland of the east". Markil Ibrayev, chairman of the Central Election Committee, said he hoped

Seoul to return 2 North Korean soldiers

SEOUL (AFP) - South Korea will return two North Korean soldiers the navy found unconscious aboard a fishing vessel that drifted into Southern waters, military authorities

said Saturday. The South Korean Defence Ministry said the two North Koreans have been held at a military hospital in Seoul since they were picked up Thursday by a South Korean navy ship five miles (eight kilometres) off an island near the western

border. The ministry said North Korea would be informed of the repatriation through the U.N. Command, which super vises all border contacts at the truce village of Panmunjom.

patriate them in respect of their wishes," a ministry statement said, The ministry identified the two as Kim Chul-Jin. 23, and

"We have decided to re-

Kim Kyung-Chul. 19. both from the same army unit in the North's southwestern coastal town of Yongyon.

When the pair regained consciousness in the hospital, they were given the option of returning to the North or remaining in the South, the ministry

The soldiers' one-tonne fishing vessel apparently had drifted for two days in rough

Military officials in Seoul say that North Korean soldiers are forced to fish because their rations are insufficient.

Meanwhile, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) tried unsuccessfully to contact a North Korean official Friday to determine whether Pyongyang had given new instructions on the nuclear inspection issue, an IAEA snokesman said here.

Last Tuesday, the adviser to the North Korean embassy in Vienna. Ho Jin Yun, was given the IAEA's written answer to Pyongyang's questions about modalities for future inspections of its seven nuclear sites. Croats of 'inadmissible behaviour' denounce all actions of any of the warring parties taken against UNPROFOR in the international press.

Bosnian Croat authorities acknowledged that the Italians died in a HVO attack but said it was made in retaliation for shelling by Muslims forces trapped inside Mostar.

U.N. commander accuses Bosnia

A statement expressed regret for the deaths as U.N. troops prepared to evacuate the bodies of the Italians from the city.

Kris Jankowski, an official of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) told reporters in Sarajevo that the HVO poured shell and sniper fire into east Mostar where the Muslims are besieged even though they could see the aid convoy entering the

sector. The U.N. saw snipers kill two civilians while the convoy unloaded and Muslimcontrolled Sarajevo Radio said the overall death toll in the city was as high as 10.
"We're going to protest to

the HVO authorities about this which shows there is little respect for our convovs in this area." Mr. Jankowski said. "The shelling was so heavy that our convoy leader had to

make Mostar, virtually destroyed during the 22-month civil war between Muslims. Croats and Serbs. the capital of their projected ethnic Republic in Bosnia.

The United States, Britain and France have welcomed a decision by U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali to use close air support if necessary to relieve Canadian troops in Srebrenica and open Tuzla Airport for aid flights.

Srebrenica and Tuzla are U.N. designated safe havens in eastern Bosnia mainly surrounded by hostile Serbs.

Serb forces have prevented the replacement of the Canadians in Srebrenica by Dutch U.N. troops and fear that Tuzla Airport could be used to resupply Muslims with weapons and ammunition.

A spokesman for the Madeleine Albright, the U.S. ambassador to the United Nations said: "We are prepared to stand by our commitment to use NATO air power to respond to any call for assistance by the U.N. if their troops are attacked in the course of meeting those objectives.

Woman survives burglary by playing dead

(AFP) — A woman survived an attack by burglars who slit her throat by playing dead for two hours and then flagging down an ambulance passing by her home. Two men, one of them a distant relative to the victim, were charged Friday for breaking into the home of Otis and Minnie Short Thursday, and slashing Minnie Short's throat and shooting dead her husband. She played dead until the burglars left and waved down an ambulance carrying a cardiac patient. "It just so happened the first car was an ambulance, carrying a cardiac patient, said Kym Koch, a spokeswoman for the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. They saw that she was bleeding and stopped." She was released from a southern Oklahoma hospital Friday.

great Santa Monica Freeway are being used for earthquake relief. A label reading "Actual Santa Monica Freeway Rubble" adorns a plastic bag with a plum-size piece of shattered freeway concrete. It costs \$5. with about \$2 of the amount going to the American Red Cross Santa Monica Chapter. "If we can generate any relief aid, then all the better," said Curtiss Briggs, a bumper stick-er dealer who came up with the freeway souvenir idea.

Lamont lambasts 'weak and hopeless' Major

LONDON (AFP) - Former British Chancellor of the Exchequer Norman Lamont was early Saturday at the centre of a new political storm after describing Prime Minister John Major as "weak and hope-

In an interview with the Times newspaper, Mr. Lamont also described the government's controversial back to basics policy as a "nauseating" moral crusade.

The accusations diverted attention from a speech by Mr. Major in Leeds, in which the prime minister defended his economic policies, saying the government's priorities were lower borrowing, lower unemployment, lower inflation and more growth.

MPs were stunned by the

apparent ferocity of Mr.

Lamont's attack — the third since his sacking in June 1993.

eight months after the ERM

crisis. It is certain to reopen debate about Mr. Major's style of government.
Mr. Lamont's cabinet career

survived eight months after black Wednesday, Sept. 16, 1992, when fevered currency speculators went on a selling spree of sterling, forcing the pound out of the ERM, which was at the time the cornerstone of British economic policy.

Mr. Lamont late Friday issued a statement describing the interview as "a mixture of invented quotations and muddled misrepresentations" -but declined to pinpoint which parts of the article he disown-

"It does not reflect accurately either my views or my general attitude." he told the Press Association.

Asked whether his description of major as "weak and hopeless" was one of the parts of the article he disowned, Mr. Lamont replied: "I have said what I have said."

His statement was swiftly rejected by Times editor Peter Stothard, who stood by the article written by Ginny Doug-Dougary wrote: "Over

lunch... we discuss many things, among them the present government. He says its moral crusade is 'nauseating', you would never catch him banging on about 'family

"He describes the PM as 'weak and hopeless'. Government is like a marriage, he says, you don't know the measure of the person until you're in bed with them."

"He offers a rare insight into the workings of Mr. Major's cabinet by describing the ex-tent to which, as chancellor, his speeches were bluepencilled by the prime minis-

"In one budget speech, Mr. Lamont's line, 'we must face reality, or reality will face us' was excised by Major because the PM considered it too

"Even more revealingly, Lamont tells me that Major cut out every single mention of Margaret Thatcher in a post-ERM speech and his face twists into an expression of scorn, 'pathetic.' he pronounces.

Later she wrote: "When I asked him how he ranked his betrayal on a score of one to 10, he said: 'Let me put it this way. I did feel that my own relationship with the prime minister, which had been a close one, ended. And it will not be put back together again. That's all I want to say about it',"

Bardot braves death threats to ban horse meat

PARIS (R) — Former screen goddess and animal rights activist Brigitte Bardot shrugged off death threats to take her campaign for a ban on horse meat to the French government. Ms. Bardot received dozens of death warnings after appearing on a popular primetime television show and urging people to boycott horse meat, which is traditional French fare, "It shouldn't be on our plates," she said, arguing horses suffer pain when slaughtered and horse meat is banned from restaurants because it spoils easily. Ms. Bardot and Jean-Pierre Foucault, who hosts the glitzy "Sacree Soiree" (Sacred Evening) television show, have since been bombarded with, death threats, a Bardot spokesman said. "It shows just how inhuman these men are," Ms. Bardot told television news on TF1, which broadcasts "Sacree Soiree." Instead of backing down. Ms. Bardot appealed to Agriculture Minister Jean Puech to ban the sale of horse meat. claiming it was danger-ous to eat and led to immoral slaughter. "That is what is needed so we don't have any more trichinosis (or) stolen horses later found in slaughterhouses." Ms. Bardot said in a letter to Mr. Puech. Trichinosis is a parasitical illness which can be transmitted to humans through horsemeat. Ms. Foucault, who like Ms. Bardot was given police protection, said he had received many phone calls from de quate horse butchers. "What really bothers me is I had horse butchers crying on the phone vesterday, saying, 'What am I going to do?' said Mr. Foucault, who has invited butchers to his show next

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Camera flash revives man believed dead

SAN LEANDRO, Calif. (AP) - An 82-year-old man was found stiff and cold on his bedroom floor and authorities thought he was dead - until he gasped faintly at the flash of a coroner's camera. Frederic Green was in critical condition Fridays in the intensive care unit at San Leandro Hospital, said spokeswoman Barbara Maroni. He was being treated for a number of problems and doctors believe he had suffered a stroke, she said. A neighbour called police after noticing two weeks of mail and newspapers piling up outside Mr. Green's door. Officers broke into the house Wednesday evening and found Mr. Green on the floor. He did not appear to be breathing, his flesh felt hard and chilled and the stench of decay permeated the house. As is routine in cases where someone dies alone, a coroner's office technician was sent to gather evidence and take photographs. "As the technician's camera flashed, there was a very soft gasp or other slight sign of life." Lt. Dennis Glover told the Oakland Tri-

ROSEDALE. Oklahoma

Entrepreneur sells freeway rubble

SANTA MONICA. Calif. (AP) - Remains of the late.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Squabbles hit Asian championship

BANGKOK (AFP) - The Asian club soccer champion ship gets underway here Sunday two days late after arguments about the standard of training pitches and the withdra wal of Bardot received two sides. Saudi Arabian club Al Shabab pulled out after a diplomatic row, and Victory Sports of the Maldives left a fter a row about the eligibility of their goalkeeper. Bahrain's Al row about the eligibility of their goalkeeper. Bahrain's Al Muharraq and the Omani club complained to organisers about the state of the pitches they had to train on.

Bulgarian club get European ban

ss. she suffer said zurich (AFP) — Bulgarian club Botev Plovdiv will not be allowed to play in the European champions cup the north time they win the national league, the European Football Union the state of the s se it spoils to ruled Friday. UEFA's one-season ban was caused by Fibordiv's who spat in a linesman's face during; a cup se it spoils early ruled Friday. UEFA's one-season ban was caused by rypovolves and Jean-Piene hosts the glim match in Athens against Olympiakos Piraeus September 29.

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Sacred Events in show har show har shows Just har Bardot spoke shows Just har men are Maje quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. The fifther seeded Croat swore several times in his native language during his Australian Open quarterfinal match against American Jim Courier. videotape of the match and decided to give Ivan isevic the heaviest fine of this year's tournament.

Masur drops out of Davis Cup tie

MELBOUIRNE (R) - Australian number one M/ally Masur has ruled himself out of his country's first round ID avis Cup tie against Russia in St. Petersburg in March. Mastir was named in a seven-man squad for the 1994 competition Fri day, but has now told the new captain/coach combination of John Newcombe and Tony Roche he needs a rest. "Wally has said he would like to take a couple of months to freshen up," said Roche, "We will just have to make sure we wire that math for him, so he can join the Davis Cup campaign for the rest of the year." Emerging 21-year-old queenslander Pat Rafter has been named to the squad for the first time.

Toshack named Wales manager

CARDIFF (R) — Wales Friday appointed former Welsh international and Liverpool striker John Tosha ck as their new manager, responsible for team selection and preparation. Toshack, coach of Spanish first division Real Sociedad, replaces Terry Yorath whose contract expired December 31 after Wales narrowly failed to quality for this year's World Cup finals in the United States. Toshack, who won 40 caps, began his managerial career at Swansea, guiding them from the English fourth division to the first. He also won the Spanish league title as coach of Real Madrid in 1990, Former Wales manager Mike Smith, an Englishman who was in charge from 1974 to 1979, was named team co-ordinator and assistant national development officer.

Miura lands Japan's biggest contract

TOKYO (R) — Kazuyoshi Miura is poised to become Japan's richest soccer star with a new one-year contract worth 220 million yen (\$2 million), a Tokyo newspaper said Friday. "Kazu" outshone every other player in the 1993 inaugural season of the professional J. League, scoring 20 goals in 36 matches for eventual champions Kawasaki Verdy. "It's the king of money you dream about," the Nikkan Sports quoted him at saying. "I have always tried to support Japanese soccer and I'll be ashamed if my play doesn't match this amount of money." Last season Miura earned 120 million yen (\$1.1 million) but said he wanted to leave Japan to play in the Italian League, even if it meant a hefty pay cut. Verdy's reported new contract offer would raise his pay to the level of the top foreign vers Japanese clubs have imported to international glamour to the league. England's Gary Lineker was the best paid in 1.993, most of which he spent sidelined by a foot injury, with a two-year contract with Nagoya Grampus that brings him a reported £2.3 million (\$3.45 million). Ageing Brazilian superstar Zico is nearing the end of a three-year contract with Kashima Antlers worth \$1.5 million.

GOREN BRIDGE

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TARKH HARRAT &
HOUSE HOUSE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

9Void %RQ986 AJ1095 4K93
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North, East
1 Pass 2 Pass

What action do you tale??

A.—This is not a question of how much North holds as where those cards are located. Since no scientific approach provides the solution, we would give the opponents as little information about the hand as possible, so our choice is four hearts rather than a game try 'in a minor.

Q-2—As South, vulnerable, you 107632 ♥K85 073 4865 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass ?

1 Pass ?

What action do you talse?

A.—Stretch as much as possible to respond to partner's minor-suit opening bid, especially when you hold a five-card major. Over the years, however, we have developed a healthy respect for coin of the realm and this hand is short of the limit for a response. Pass. for a response. Pass.

Q.3-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦K9 CAQ976 ÷96 ♣K752 The bidding has procreded:
West North East. South
Pass Pass ?

What action do you take?

A.—You have the strength for a balancing double, but that will leave you awkwardly placed should partner respond one spade or some number of no trump. Our choice is

one heart, even though this balanc-ing bid could be made on a hand

that is a king weaker. Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

ARE 7542 AQJ AAKJ3

What is your opening bio?

A.—This is a nightnare for anyone who believes that you need all four suits stopped to open the bidding with two no trump. You have 22 points and a perfectly balanced hand. To open anything other than two no trump will land you in the twilight zone of a rebidding quagmire.

Q.5—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\phi \text{Q54} \times \text{J} \cdot \text{86} \times \text{A987654} \\
Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do you respond? \text{A.—Points are meaningless here—the hand stands or falls by how many tricks the club suit will produce. This hand has a kicker, the queen of spades might be an entry.

queen of spades might be an entry. We would gird our loins and leap to Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold:

♠K7 TAKJ53 ≎AJ5 ♣AJ3

What is your opening bid?

A.—Although this hand counts

only 21 high-card points, the wealth of controls makes its actual worth greater. If you elect to open one heart, there's a distinct chance you

might play there. With stoppers in every suit and a hand that is bal-anced, our choice would be two no

Tel.: 634144

Atlanta cruises past Hornets

CHARLOTTE, North Carolina (R) — Dominique Wilkins scored 27 points. Mookie Blaylock added 25 and Kevin Willis 24 to lead the Atlanta Hawks to their fourth straight win, 117-105 over the crippled Charlotte Hornets Friday.

Atlanta, which leads the eastern conference at 29-10, got a game-high 12 rebounds from Willis, while Wilkins

added nine. Blaylock had seven rebounds and six assists and was 7-of-11 from 3-point range an all-time high in 3-pointers against the Hornets.

The triumph was the Hawks' third straight on the road and their third in a row over the hornets this season. Eddie Johnson and Muggsy

Bogues scored 21 points apiece to lead Charlotte, which lost for the fourth time in five games and was without injured stars Larry Johnson and Alaonzo Mourning. Hersey Hawkins added 20

points, while Del Curry and Kenny Gattison scored 16 each. Gattison's total was a season high. In Chicago, Scottie Pippen scored 30 points as the Bulls

got back on the winning track with a 113-96 victory over the Milwaukee Bucks. The triumph came one day

PORTLAND. Ore (AP) — A playful Tonya Harding skated

Friday, working out for a trip

to the Olympics that may never

come, as authorities tried to

corraborate statements linking

her to the attack on Nancy

In Detroit, station WJBK

TV said it learned that phone

records showed several calls

were made from a hotel there

on Harding's personal credit

card the day of the attack - all

back to Portland to her body-

guard, who has confessed and

WJBK-TV also said that

Harding asked for Kerrigan's

room number at a Detroit

hotel and was given it in viola-

In Colorado Springs, Colo...

the figure skating panel investi-gating Hamling, met and moved up the deadline for its

report to Feb. 10, two days

before the start of the Winter

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) -

The director at the centre of

Brazilian soccer's match fixing

scandal has been banned for

one year following the conclu-

sion of the first of three inves-

Wagner Canazaro, the for-

mer refereeing director of the

Rio de Janeiro Soccer Federa-

tion, was banned following

allegations made against him.

firstly by three anonymous re-

ferees to a Brazilian newspaper.

and then by referee Claudio

them that referees be responsi-

ble for ensuring results to cer-

tain matches in the 1994 Rio

De Janeiro soccer cham-

pionship went "according to the federation's interests."

The ban was imposed by a

tribunal of the Rio de Janeiro

federation, after finding Cana-

All said Canazaro had told

Cerdeira.

tigations into the affair.

And in Portland, the grand

implicated Harding.

tion of hotel policy.

Harding works out for

trip she might not get

after the Cleveland Cavaliers ended a Bulls winning streak at seven games.

Still, by beating the Bucks, the Bulls improved to 25-5 in their last 30 games. It also was Chicago's 17th straight home victory and enabled the Bulls to stay one game behind Atlanta in the central division.

Pippen was 10-of-19 from the field and added 11 assists and eight rebounds. B.J. Armstrong added 17 points for Chicago, while Horace Grant

For Milwaukee, Eric Murdock scored 25 points with 11 assists and Vin Baker had 23 points and 10 rebounds. In Orlando, Glen Rice scored 34 points as the Miami

Heat used an 16-0 run in the third quarter to record a 106-97 victory and snap the Magic's team-record winning streak at Steve Smith added 18 points and Grant Long 17 for the Heat, who stopped a road los-

ing streak at six games. The Heat also evened the season series with Orlando at 2-2. Shaquille O'Neal and Nick Anderson scored 21 pointss each to lead the Magic.

The Magic pulled within one point with 50 seconds left in the fourth quarter, but Rice hit a 21-footer to give Miami a

jury in the Kerrigan case heard

Friday from Stephanie Quin-

tero, a close frind of Harding's.

Harding on Thursday said she learned of the plan to injury Kerrigan only after re-

turning home to Portland from

Detroit on Jan. 10, four days

after Kerrigan was clubbed on

the right knee, knocking her

out of the national cham-

But Jeff Gillooly, Harding's

ex-husband and manager, who

was arrested along with body-

guard Shawn Eckardt and two

other men, has reportedly im-

plicated her in 17 hours of

questioning by authorities of

Under Oregon law, Harding

cannot be indicated based only

on the testimony of others

charged in the alleged crime.

for Dennis Rawlinson, one of

Harding's attorneys, said there

would be no comment on the

zaro guilty of attempting to

Canazaro, who was sacked

shortly after the allegations

were first made in December,

has denied the claims, saying

there had been "an error of interpretation." He said he

would appeal against the ban.

on with two police inquiries

currently under way and more

serious allegations being in-

Rio police are holding their own inquiry and have already

heard claims from ex-referee

Reginaldo Mathias that match-

fixing has been common in the

Rio de Janeiro championship

Brazilian federal police laun-

ched a separate investigation

because some of the matches

involved may have featured in

a government-run lottery.

The scandal looks set to drag.

Detroit TV report.

influence results.

vestigated.

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1 year ban for director in

Brazilian soccer scandal

Janis Timlick, legal assistant

port of a plea bargain.

pionships.

three-point buige, and the Magic never got any closer.

For Orlando, Anternee Hardaway scored 17 points, while Scott Skiles chippled in 15. O'Neal grabbed a teamhigh 11 boards and blocked five shots.

In Philadelphia, Dan Majerle scored 33 points, including a pair of 3-point field goals during a late third-quarter Suns run, to lead Phoenix to a 108-103 victory over the 76ers.

Cedric Ceballos added 19 points. A.C. Green had 16 points and 10 rebouands and Oliver Miller scored 12 points and grabbed 14 rebounds for the Suns, who improved to 5-6 without injured All-Star

Charles Barkley.
Rookie Shawn Bradley scored a season-high 25 points for Philadelphia. Bradley finished with 11 rebounds and Orlando Woolridge had 24 points, eight rebounds and five blocked shots for Philly, which had its win streak snapped at

At Utah, Karl Malone scored 30 points and grabbed 17 rebounds to lead the Jazz to a 119-91 victory over the Golden State Warriors.

Jeff Malone added 27 points for the jazz, who won their fourth straight home game.

wins World

CHAMONIX, France (AFP)

Kjetil-Andre Aamodst

struck form at just the right

time here Saturday to win his

first World Cup Downhill 15

min. 58.35 sec. to pull off his

The Norwegian, world

champion at slalom and giant

slalom and Olympic champion

at super giant slalom, consoli-

dated his overall lead in the

World Cup as main rival Marc

Girardelli of Luxembourg

Jean-Luc Cretier, seeking

the first French downhill win

since Franck Piccard's success

1990, was second in 1:58.69.

Gardena in Italy in December

but fell last week at Wengen in

Hannes Trinkl of Austria,

who broke into the top 30 by

winning a downhill and super

giant sialom from late starts

this season, finished third in

Helmut Hoeflehner clinched

his place in Austria's Olympic

team by coming fourth in 1:58.95. He would have been

higher if he had not sat back on

his ski tails on the final run-in.

started first, was fifth in

Luigi Colturi of Italy, who

Girardelli, who has won one

race and been runner-up three

times this season, was in touch

on the more demanding part of

the course higher up but mis-

takes on the lower half pushed

Native speaker

3.5 years experience.

him down to eighth.

Cretier had been third at Val

first win this season.

finished eighth.

1:58.87.

1:58.96.

Aamodt

Downhill

in Lillehammer.

Cup

Graf wins Australian Open tityening

MELBOURNE, Australia (AFP) — Steffi Graf destroyed Arantxa Sanchez Vicario in just 57 withering minutes here Saturday to win her fourth Australian Open title crown.

The top seeded German, in mercurial form, swamped the nominated second best player in the women's game, 6-0, 6-2. It was Graf's 15th Grand Slam title and her fourth consecutive Grand Slam

Graf gave the bouncy Spaniard little chance, sweeping to the first set in 24 minutes, breaking her serve three times in an awesome display.

Graf's \$322,000 prize money swelled her career winnings to \$13,476,000, while Sanchez Vicario took home \$161,000 as

runner up.
The German powerhouse, with a block of bannercarrying, chanting Germans in the stands, stormed through Sanchez Vicario's serve, breaking her to 30 in the second game, to 30 in the fourth and to 15 in the sixth

Some of her forehand winners - she hit 12 in the final were breathtaking and gave the plucky Spaniard little

Sanchez Vicario made more of a match of it in the second set when she held her first service of the final to sustained applause, but dropped her next service game in the fourth when she hit a forehand long to trail 1-3.

The second seed played her best game of the final as she broke Graf's service for the first and only time in the fifth game when she forced the German to net after a strong forehand approach.

Sanchez Vicario edged back to 2-3, but Graf broke her again, the fifth time overail. when the Spaniard's forehand was long.

days before the Olympic race Graf powered, on holding serve for 5-2, and then cranked The 22-year-old, who admits up the heat on the besieged he would love to win the blue Sanchez Vicario winning it on riband Olympic title in his naher fourth match point with a tive Norway, raced down the backhand to the backcourt. tough 3,343 metre course in 1 Sanchez Vicario earned the

admiration of the centre court crowd when she staved off three match points with gritty determination, but the final was one-sided affair. Graf said later it was "a

great feeling" to have played so well to win a Grand Slam

"I haven't played as well as that often...especially in that first set I didn't seem to make did was close to the line, it was the right shot, perfect timing. and I don't think there have been many moments that I can say that I have played like that.

"I never thought I could win...against Arantxa, not at any stage, I knew that the way I played the first set it would be difficult to keep playing that way in the second, she was going to try something diffe-

"I had a good feeling because my practice this morning was so off, that is usually a good sign and that's why I had good feeling.

"Especially against Arantxa you can never be really sure (of ming), and even at 4-0 in the first set I wasn't all that sure, but after I won the first set it was incredible and I just had to tell myself to stay focused, not to get that excited about the way I was playing

Steffi Graf

and get down and concen-Graf praised her new racquet for giving her more depth

and power on her strokes.

She also did not accept that her four consecutive Grand Slam victories constituted a Grand Slam, winning all four, the French, U.S., Australian opens and Wimbledon.

The way I am playing now is a step forward to the time in 1988 (when she last won the Grand Slam), the competition has got stronger and today I proved that there are more things than going for my shots that I can do.

"In 1988 I was limited, and I can say that this time it's a more difficult time that five years' back," she said. "It's very special to win a Grand Slam, and any time to win four Grand Slams in a row is incredible, but winning it in a (calender) year that's even har-

der...to me the '88 one

counts.1

Sanchez Vicario said sheation disappointed that she dialleplay well, although she sa the was the best that she had:

Graf play.

"Definitely I have place of peter than I did today, to ptian her you have to play your Field and she was not missing issein ball today," she told her rih of match conference.

"But I made too many ertoday and my legs were no the court and I was getting to the ball so I was no position and she was ma the winner on other side.

"That's the best I've: her play, especially in the set she didn't miss one brut in

"Today something free a wrong and I couldn't do : thing, it's the first time police ever felt this way, normal were get into the match and c Jorda-back, but today I didn't ibassathe same way.

Eltingh, Haarhuis win doub which

MELBOURNE (AFP) - Dutch pair Jacco Eltingh as Haarhuis won the Australian Open men's doubles title locess. Saturday when they downed second seeds Byron Black Salam Jonathan Stark

Eltingh and Haarhuis, seeded three here, beat d the Zimbabwean-American combination, 6-7 (3/7), 6-4, 6-3. to in-It's a great feeling to win this Grand Slam event, sofall Haarhuis. "We didn't do so well last year and the goal for us illing. to do well in the Grand Slam events.

"To start off the new year with a Grand Slam win is fantast in the It was Eltingh and Haarhuis's ninth career title. The top seeds, the North American combination of G

Connell and Patrick Galbraith, were knocked out in the nister

Maier fighting for life of the

RCHEN, Germany (R) - Exworld champion skier Ulrike Maier was fighting for her life Saturday after breaking her neck in a high-speed crash during a women's World Cup Downhill race.

"Her condition is very lifethreatening. She has broken a bone in the back of her neck," doctor Guenter Hofmann said from the German hospital in Murnau where Maier was taken by helicopter. "Her condition is very acute.

She is in intensive care," Hofmann added. Maier, mother of a four-

year-old girl, struck her head on a post at the side of the track after losing control of her right ski on the lower part of the 2.8-km course, one of the

GARMISCH-PARTENKI- most challenging of the wid the cup circuit. rela-After her helmet flew! and the 26-year-old Aust careened down the slope or has back and seemed to be he govthe face by one of her sof its

> Maier, world super-G ch pion in 1989 and 199, rece 5) immediate medical atten where she lay sprawled on track. She was then put c stretcher, winched into a wing helicopter adn flown to special neurology clinic

Garmisch race doctor Frankenberger said Maier given mouth-to-mouth ren citation and a tube inserte help her breath artifici while she was lying un scious on the piste.

Maradona demands \$500,000 with

DUBAI (R) - Soccer star Diego Maradona has demanded \$500,000 to play in the opening game of a local soccer tournament in the United Arab Emirates in February, a local newspaper reported

Al Ittihad said the organisers refused to pay the money.

"The organisers felt that mitrequested money was ning much... Maradona was emed trying to take advantagools. (being asked to play in acri-GAE) or to indirectly saould did not want to play," it see to

"The organisers reply 1ty. thanks but no thanks, engadded.

0 D

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Pa J.S. senate links military sales with

came to VASHII . .: N (Agencies) all of the resources in the ties, finaligreed Fries approval greed Fries approval by sales to contries that par-form bills cipate in the 43-year Arab down for coycott against American com-After fivanies doing business with

parliament state! vised bills The amenogent to the State houses of hepartment and horisation bill, before Massed 93-0, could affect billions and a feet billions an imposed rons of dollars in sales to Saudi Approvirabia, Kuwait and Gulf

now be spitates.

crisis on This amendment is an recession. If Mr. Hontinuing problem in the fore-to push thin arena, said Republican day, the fenator Hank Brown, sponsor

rent session the legislation.
been force He said that last year, while call snap srael was moving towards "We heace with its Arab neighhiggest ours, the Commerce Depart-cabinet. nent's Office of Anti-Boycott told a cau ompliance documented 8,660 after the poycott cases.

have huge The bill gives the president The breear waiver of a defence sale Friday whan if he concludes it is in the a deal witlational interest.

of the o Democrati It comes at a time when In mariany Arab states are either Hosokawmoring, or moving towards ground to ting, the Arab League

LDP by oycott in effect since 1951.
Commerce Secretary onald Brown, who recently bured the Middle East, said hursday that the boycott is crumbling of its own weight." le noted that blacklisted comanies had some of the largest xhibits at a recent telecomhunications fair in Saudi Araia, and that Morocco's King lassan has met with Israeli isiness representatives.

Mr. Brown said that Esmat bdul Meguid, secretary eneral of the Arab League. bld been that at its March recting the league would take p elimination of secondary Gerry And tertiary boycotts against presign companies doing busiAda ess with Israel.

Adaptive Adams administration of sections against president Clinton's administration of sections against the control of sections against president Clinton's administration of sections against president clinton's administration of sections against president clinton's administration of sections against president clinton of s

fron **NEWS IN BRIEF**

VIOI(Egyptians in Yemen to 'counter' Islamists

DUBLIN CAIRO (AFP) - A party of senior Egyptian Interior Ministry

nied a U Islamic fundamentalist guerrillas from Afghanistan, the semi-

alleged lin official daily Al Ahram reported Saturday. The paper said the

distanced delegation wanted to "stop the fundamentalists coming from

year-old Afghanistan from reaching Cairo through Yemen" to carry

but stoppeout attacks. The paper said the delegation was "carrying

an Anglo-documents with the addresses of the homes of fundamental

It is my p Islamic militants arrested in Egypt, including the alleged

priority to perpetrators of an abortive attempts to assassinate Egypt's

IRA and Prime Minister Atef Sedki in November in Cairo, had supplied

organisal police with these addresses. They also provided information

armed act about camps located in Yemen where they received training in

Washing charged in connection with a 1983 bomb attack on the French

on North cultural centre in Berlin. Mohammad Nabil Shritah, 43 who

of suspect; the attack took place, was ordered to remain in Berlin and to the Irish report to police regularly, Berlin justice ministry spokesman

Sinn F. Frank Thiel said. Mr. Shritah gave himself up to German

Sinn Fe embassy officials in Budapest on Jan. 10 before being brought denied all to Berlin. The spokesman refused to confirm or deny reports

legislators that Mr. Shritah is being given round-the-clock police protec-

the IRA. tion for fear he may be attacked to prevent him revealing what

some of the Djibouti dissidents arrested for "conspiracy"

Dec. 15 DJIBOUTI (R) — Four members of an illegal political party

peace plar in the small Red Sea state of Djibouti were arrested by police

nationalist Saturday for plotting to overthrow the government of Hassan

Ireland an Gouled Aptidon, officials said. The four men were from the

ists trying outlawed Unified Front for the Opposition (FUOD) and were

endorse if Ibrahim God, Kamil Ali Mohammad and Galal Abdourahman

laid down Ahmad. Political sources said the four had returned to

issuing a Djibouti from Ethiopia where they met other dissidents.

National C including the guerrilla front for the Restoration of Unity and

But Mr named as its Chairman Mohammad Ahmad Issa, Mahdi

BERLIN (AFP) — Germany has released a Syrian diplomat

was serving at the Syrian embassy in East Berlin in 1983 when

talks with Germany frees Syrian bomb suspect

Mr. Ad weapons handling and explosives.

ment Frid

Mr. Adhe knows.

he has use

and gets th its arms.

"I don" ists" implicated in recent attacks in Cairo. The report said

ration wants the boycott endisted because "it really under-nines the ability of the region develop economically, when

region are not used," Mr. Brown told reporters. Increasingly, business people and officials in the Middle East "are making pragmatic judg-ments" about such issues, he

According to the Congressional Research Service, the United States delivered \$18.3 billion worth of arms to Saudi Arabia in the 1985-92 period. Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates each received \$800 million worth and Kuwait \$700 million in that period.

Egypt, which received \$5.2 billion worth of munitions, ended its economic boycott when it established relations with Israel in 1979. The United States sells no arms to Syria, the chief proponent of the

The amendment strengthens non-binding clause in the original authorisation bill that ies a general condemnation of the boycott. The Senate is expected to vote next week on the full bill, which approves State Department programmes for fiscal years 1994 and 1995. After that the two houses of congress must agree on identicwording.

The Senate action, which came in the form of an amendment to the State Department-USIA authorisation bill for fiscal years 1994 and 1995, would allow the president to grant a one-year waiver to the ban for U.S. national security reasons.

"At a time when Israel has made enormous concessions and sits at the bargaining table, there is a focused effort to effect a cruel and almost crippling boycott of businesses that attempt to trade with Israel," said Sen. Brown. "It strikes at the ability of Israel to move forward in the peace process and at the very heart of the president's efforts to bring peace to the Middle East."

The Senate has been debating the authorisation legislation all week, and is using it as a vehicle to bring up many important foreign policy con-



CONDOLENCES: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent Saturday condoles a member of the Maaytah family on the death of Nayeb Imran Maaytah, the first secretary at the

Jordanian mission in Beirut (see page 1). Mr. Maaytah was shot dead in the Let Saturday (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

Libya names new premier

CAIRO (Agencies) - The General People's Congress, Libya's policy-making body in Moammar Qadhafi's unique governmental system, replaced the prime minister and named other new cabinet ministers Saturday.

Most of the government, in-cluding Foreign Minister Omar Al Muntasser, remained in place. But a minister was appointed to assume the vacant justice portfolio, which deals with the legally complex Pan Am bombing crisis that has Libya under punitive international sanctions.

Other ministerial changes announced by official Libyan Television were in the ministries of industry, housing, agriculture and information.

The new prime minister, Abdul Mageed Qa'ud, known as a Qadhafi confidant, replaced Abu Zeid Omar Durda, who held the job for 15

Mr. Qa'ud, one-time govemor of Tripoli, has been responsible for agriculture and land-reclamation projects since the early 1970s.

He oversaw implementation of the pride of Colonal Qadhafi's 25-year tenure, the Great Manmade River. Inaugurated in 1991, the pipeline is designed eventually to transport water from aquifers deep inside the Libyan desert as many as 1,200 kilometres to fertile but dry growing areas on the

Mr. Durda becomes assistant secretary-general of the General People's Congress. which under Col. Qadhafi's "jamahariya" system is supposed to be the supreme pow-

Mohammad Mahmoud Hegazi, the new justice minister, has been in charge of "unity affairs" with Egypt, a cabinet portfolio created to further Col. Qadhafi's dream of unifying all the Arabs. Justice had been vacant since minister Ibrahim Bakkar died in a auto accident last year.

Libya could be counting on Mr. Hegazi's Egyptian connection to help solve its sanctions problem. Egypt has worked to find a face-saving way out for Libya since sanctions began

announced no new offers to solve the dispute with the United States, Britain and France

Egypt finds rare Hyksos tombs

over the extradition of two suspects in the 1988 bombing of Pan Am flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland. The resulting crash killed 270 people.

Budget deficits up

Libya said its oil-dominated external earnings fell last year while the budget deficit soared, pushing up the public

Central Bank Governor Abdel Hafidh Zlitni told the congress Friday that external earnings for the fiscal year to March 31, 1993 stood at seven billion or 21 per cent below a projected 2,400 billion Libyan dinars (\$8.880 billion).

Speaking to journalists later, Mr. Zlitni listed measures to help the country cope with its problems and urged ordinary Libyans to trust the banks and deposit their surplus cash.

"I call on all the Libyans to deposit their banknotes in banks where they can be sure they will be secure by the law, and to use instead bank che-

Libyans have been wary of banks since the 1970s when the government part-froze private deposits and restricted the use of the remaining amounts.

TEHRAN (Agencies) — Nine people were killed and 19 rebel positions in Zaleh, believed to be frome to 1,600 guerrillas, in the past 10 years others wounded in several Iraand that more t han 50 aircraft

kill 9 in Iran villages

Turkish raids on PKK

Zeroual poised to take

later

presidle ncy.

prime n'il nister.

state authorities have so far

been powerless to put down. Initormed sources said Mr. Zeripual, who would also retain

the clefence portfolio he took

over six months ago, was due

to take the presidential oath

either at the time of his

nomination Sunday or a day

His acceptance of the post

would fill a threatened power

vacud m but could smack of a

thinly disguised military coup

after he army's failure to find a civilian candidate for the

The previous preferred

candidate, former Foreign

Ministe: Abdul Aziz Boutefli-

ka, turned down the post

Wednelsday. He was reported-

ly unhalopy about the refusal to allow him to make military

appoint Tients or name a new

Algerian political circles

reacted with surprise Friday to Mr. Khatib's declaration

saying that the conference had

not made any mention of Mr. Zeroual in its final resolutions.

Algeria newded a "strong man.

exercising full powers," adding

that the current formula of a

five-man collegiate presidency

covering the country since the

January 1992 resignation of

President Chadli Benjedid

would be ciropped when its

mandate encled on Jan. 31.

(Soldier's soldier, page 2)

Mr. Klatib noted that

Algerian presidency

ALGIERS (AFP) — Algeria's Defence Minister Lamine

Zeroual seemed virtually cer-

tain Saturday to be named the

strife-torn country's powerful new president within the next

Mr. Zeroual, a 53-year-old

retired general, was expected

to be officially appointed around midday Sunday by the

country's military-nominated High Security Council. His

nomination, as yet still unoffi-

cial, was seen as a fait accompli

Saturday in diplomatic circles.

Four of the country's leading

unions and professional bodies

also expressed support for his

And Yousef Al Khatib, the

president of last week's ill-

fated national conciliation con-

ference - convened to name a

new head of state but boycot-

ted by all the major parties -

said Friday that Mr. Zeroual

was the conference's only

candidate for the post.

As president, Mr. Zeroual

would head the armed forces.

and have powers to call a state

of emergency or referenda and

nominate or dismiss the gov-

ernment during a three-year

period at the head of a tran-

fresh elections in 1997.

sitional administration prior to

The administration's main

task will be to end an in-

creasingly violent two-year-old

insurrection by Muslim fun-

damentalists which secular

nomination Saturday.

24 hours.

nian border villages when Turkish warplanes bombed a Turkish Kurd rebel camp inside Iran early Friday, Tehran Radio reported Saturday.

All the planes returned safely to base after inflicting 'heavy losses" on armed members of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) at the Zaleh camp; Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Ciller told a news conference Friday after being briefed at headquarters of the armed forces in Ankara.

Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Alaesdin Borujerdi contacted his Turkish counterpart Beglin Unan to express Iran's "worry at the deplorable situation" and asked for an explanation, Tehran Radio

Mr. Unan said the Turkish government would never allow such operations on Iranian soil and that the raid was intended to crush the PKK. He said Turkey was prepared to send a team to Iran to investigate the incident, the radio said.

The radio did not specify the location of the villages which were hit by "several rockets and bombs following the major Turkish air force operation in

northern Iraq.
A Turkish military spokes-

man said Friday it was the air

leader Dany Chamoun, a 65-

took part. The Turkish press Saturday said up to 1,000 were killed in Zaleh, but a Tua kish Kurdish

rebel spokesman, Kani Yilmaz, was quoted in the pro-PKK Turkish daily Ozgur Gundem as saying there had been no losses at all in Zaleh.

The camp lies 11() kilometres into Iraqi teritory and 500 kilometres from Turkish bases in eastern Turkey, according to the Turkish military spokesman.

Last year Turkey accused Iran of helping PKK rebels Ankara claimed were operating from Iranian territory. Iran denied the accusation.

Turkey has launched several strikes against the Kurdish rebels entrenched in Iraq. In a helicopter-backed incursion last December, it said it had

killed 200 guerrillas. Iran, worried that the de facto Kurdish state in northern Iraq might inspire similar moves for autonomy from its own restive 6.5 million Kurdish minority, also has mounted military attacks against the

Kurds. Last July, Iran's air force bombed Kurdish bases in Iraq. while its ground forces penetrated 10 kilometres into Iraqi territory to strike at the rebels.

Melina Mercouri breaks foot

ATHENS (AFP) - Greek 655 Culture Minister Melina Mer. couri broke her foot Friday when she slipped on a television cable at an Athens hotel while attending a meeting of the ruling Socialist Pasok Par. ty. The hospital where she was taken said the former acress committee was not badly injured and was pomen if allowed home after treatment

2nd mistrial declared in U.S. murder case

LOS ANGELES (R) -

judge declared a mistrial Fri of the day in the murder case agains of 2 come Lyle Menendez, the second in the brother to end up with a dead locked jury after admitting arms to

locked jury after admitting they killed their wealthy pa good the na rents in a Beverly Hills man and The rents in a Beveriy Filis man sign file sign after years of alleged sea something in the month trial filled with luric man consist tales of greed, rape and murrial filled with luric man consist tales of greed, rape and murrial filled with luric man consist tales of greed, rape and murrial filled with luric man consist tales of greed, rape and murrial filled with luric man consist and cons when the jury reported it was unable to reach a verdict. Leg Mainst Co al experts called it a major victory for the defence team in HAA (R) a highly publicised trial that Air Air prosecutors once billed as ar well wanted open-shut case of murder scaled ide. Angrily insisting "we did not tenen M lose the case." district attorners of he Gil Garcetti vowed to retry; congress both brothers on first-degree white to a murder charges and to again it mental seek the death penalty. "Being maintal damned about how much money it's going to cost. We're projecting. going to seek justice in this gendening case." Mr. Garcetti told reportation to the ters. The judge ordered that the two remain jailed as they were long to the term of the term o have for the past three years with and said a new trial would and a three begin within 60 days. The past turn of events came are and two weeks after Judge Weissberg ordered a mistrial on charges against Lyle's younger brother Frik whose fare had brother Erik, whose fate had been in the hands of a separate bear in jury. When the mistrial was man -declared Friday, gasps went up from the spectators' gallery 306. AFP Lyle Menendez — who had sobbed uncontrollably while 528 10 1 5 15

testifying about his role in the role in the killings — smiled broad During days of compelling reaction testimony. Lyle. 26, and Eric. is timed. 23. recounted in graphic detail.

how they walked into the living a reason how they walked into the living a reason and the said

Aug. 20, 1989, and blasted away at their parents with shot-

guns. The couple had been Total water

watching television and eating a states ice cream. They said they acted a Mr. Per

in self-defence, convinced they them themselves were marked for

murcler after threatening to go 2 km Midd

public with stories of their londenian

father sexually molesting them 2 laward

LONDON (R) - British the of a health ministers have vetoed to rehui

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room of the family mansion on

AID®S campaign vetoed for being offensive

an AIDS campaign promoting grounds it was too explicit and legation safe sex and condoms on would cause offence, the Inde pendent newspaper reported Damas penderit newspaper ispenderit Saturday. But AIDS groups # SCI 5 accused the Conservative government of running scared as the begun ruling party's "moral major and to dive over its "back to basics" crustation at a party and the cover its "back to basics" crustational family a party and part sade for traditional family survey sade for traditional family values. The Independent said Junior Health Minister Baroness Cumberlege believed all the delegation one of the planned posters and cinema advertisements would cause "offence." It said she issued the ruling in a letter to the Health Education Authority, a government-funded and thought which the same and th thority, a government-funded body which coordinates education host body which coordinates education about AIDS (acquired in the second of t she was bewildered by the de and Annoon cision. We were assured by senior civil servants that it was senior civil servants that it was the campaign to the (Health) Aviv (Armas, she said. The campaign and he are teenagers and their parents the parents who found it to be appropriately attended to the campaign and their parents the parents who found it to be appropriately attended to the campaign and their parents the parents of the campaign and their parents the parents of the campaign and their parents the parents of the campaign and the parents and their parents the parents of the campaign and the parents are parents are parents and the parents are parents and the parents are parents are parents are parents and the parents are paren

almost two years ago. Ending its annual meeting. ques," he added. the General People's Congress

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian archaeologists have found eight rare tombs from the little known Hyksos period, including probably the earliest intact skeleton of a horse, an animal

"It's very rare to find Hyksos tombs and we are very excited about them." Ali Hassan, the head of the pharaonic sector at the Egyptian Antiquities Organisation, said on Saturday.

archaeologists came across the tombs buried in the sand on Thurday while excavating in the desert near Tell Al Kebir, about 80 kilometres northeast of Cairo.

probable site of the Hyksos capital Avaris, in the east of

BEIRUT (Agencies) - A

gunman shot dead a Jorda-

nian diplomat in Beitut on

Saturday, reviving memories

of the city's past as the killing

ground and kidnap centre of

The killing of Nayeb Al

Maaytah, the embassy's de-

puty head of mission, caused

a shiver of apprehension

among Lebanese officials

conscious that security and

confidence are the keys to

rebuilding the country after

seems to be getting some-

where, something happens," sighed a bank officer when

Mr. Maaytah, 43, son of a

former Jordanian govern-

ment minister and senator,

was the first foreign diplomat

killed in Beirut since the civil

into his car outside his apart-

ment near the seafront in

Witnesses said a gunman

walked up and fired up to

seven pistol shots through the

A hospital security guard

said Mr. Maaytah was hit in

the head and neck and was

dead on arrival. A weeping

official at the Jordanian

embassy said there was no

immediate claim of responsi-

"No one has contacted us

claiming responsibility. We

do not know who is behind

it." one embassy official told

Some witnesses said the

bility for the killing.

reporters.

Beirut's western sector.

driver's window.

He was shot after getting

war ended.

she heard of the killing.

"Whenever this country

the 1975-90 civil war.

the Middle East.

the Nile Delta.

Hyksos rulers, he added.

"Maybe we'll learn some more names of Hyksos rulers. We'll also study the skeletons. to learn something about the provenance of the people and

the scarabs were all in typial Hyksos styles.

He said he planned to attend the opening of the other seven

force's biggest raid on Kurdish Killing raises fears for Lebanon's recovery

claimed by anti-Western Isla-

old-old Maronite Catholic and son of former President Dany Chamoun, killed with wife and two sons by gunmen in east Beirut apartment Oct. 21, 1990. He had been a staunch supporter of rebel Gen. Michel Aoun, crushed by Syrians few days earlier.

slayings. President Rene Moawad, a 64-year-old Maronite Catholic, slain in bomb ambush in Beirut as his motocade passed Nov. 22, 1989, 17 days after he was elected. Christians blamed Syria, which in turn accused Gen. Aoun.

His supporters blamed Maro-

nite rival Samir Geagea for

Grand Mufti Sheikh Hassan Khaled, spiritual leader of Lebanon's Sunni Muslim. perished in car-bomb explosion May 16, 1989, as he drove home in Beirut. He advocated reconciliation to

end civil war. Prime Minister Rashid Karami. Sunni advocate of reconciliation, killed June 1. 1987, when bomb exploded in army helicopter he was riding in.

Hizbollah leader Sheikh Ragheb Harb, fiery anti-Israeli Shi'ite fundamentalist preacher in South Lebanon. assassinated by unidentified gunmen at his South Lebanon home Feb. 16, 1984. Hizbollah blamed Israelis who at time occupied region,

American University of Beirut President Malcolm H. Kerr shot dead on campus Jan. 18, 1984. Slaying mic Jihad.

President-elect Bashir Gemayel, Maronite and pro-Israeli leader of powerful right-wing Falange Party and militia, killed with dozens of aides Sept. 14, 1982, when bomb exploded in party office in east Beirut. The Syrian Social Nationalist Party was blamed and two men arrested and convicted.

Delamere shot 11 times by three gunmen who ambushed his limousine near Beirut's dividing green line April 9. 1981. Iranian-backed fundamentalists were blamed because France was a major arms supplier to Iraq.

noan by Falangists led by Geagea.

slaving. U.S. Ambassador Francis E. Melovy, economic counsellor Robert Waring and Lebanese chauffeur kidnapped and killed June 16, 1976. in Beirut, apparently by lef-

icun Forei, Democracy (FRUD), to plot Mr. Hassan Gouled's ousting. Feb. 1. State radio condemned the alleged conspiracy as "an incite-Sinn Fein ment for the continuation of the war" between the governto reunite ment and the guerrilla front. It said the four had been detained vince Brits in accordance with the law, but opposition lawyers said that decades ag they had been denied access to them and that they were being ments, Mr held by paramilitary forces. They were expected to appear in abhors vi the public prosecutor's office on Sunday, apparently to be stands Iris charged. to arms to 12 'Israeli spies' arrested in Lebanon BEIRUT (AP) - Leoanese authorities have cracked an

espionage network and arrested 12 suspects in alleged charges United Sta of spying for Israel, a picince report said Saturday. The report said the t said all the suspects, who included two women, were politics hat Lebanese. If convicted they could face the death penalty. The ago to for report identified the a spects only by their first names and families' initials. The :: "mation available indicated eight are "I want Christians and four M. silms. The report said the detainees

violence a worked for Israel's seriet services, but did not say where or conflict.... when the ring was uncovered. The suspects have been charged to the Br with "contacting the Israeli enemy, assisting, spying and and the c providing it with information that should remain secret and JRA." he confidential in the interest of state safety and security." the issued in report said. The case has been referred to a military -Britain a investigating judge. Israel has occupied an enclave in South

ceived Pre. Lebanon since 1985 to shield its northern territories from support for cross-border guerrilla attacks. The Lebanese government in the pc a Christian-Muslim peace accord that ended a 15-year civil war providing in 1990. which offer often has claimed that Israeli agents were trying to undermine

puzzled archaeologists for years but it is now widely accepted that they were a race one of the tombs and found four human skeletons, one of of Indo-Germanic type, rethem bandaged, earthenware lated to the Hittites of Asia and alabaster jars, and four They invaded northern

introduced to Egypt by Hyksos invaders in about 1750 B.C.

Mr. Hassan told Reuters his

The tombs are close to the

The archaeologists opened

scarabs — stone seals or amulets carved in the shape of dung-beeties.
"The pots are high quality,

well-made," Mr. Hassan said. The presence of the scarabs suggested the tombs belonged to important people, possibly

The skeleton of the horse was buried a few meters from the tomb itself, he said.

Mr. Hassan said it was too early to date the tombs precisely but the mud-brick architecture, the pottery and

Egypt from Asia and ruled for

about 180 years until indige-

nous rulers based in the south-

ern capital Thebes defeated

them and drove them out in about 1570 B.C.

The Egyptians rapidly

adopted the Hyksos horses in

the horse," he added. The origins of the Hyksos tombs, possibly next Saturday.

killer was alone, others said he had a companion who did not take part in the shooting. They escaped on foot.

The killing was the first attack in Beirut since December when a truck bomb in the eastern sector detroyed the headquarters of the rightwing Falangist Party, killiing three people and injuring 130.

The latest attack again threatened to undermine the emerging confidence in Lebanon bred by the successes of Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri and his team of Western-trained technocrats who have launched a 10-year reconstruction programme.

As the killer struck, teams from the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund were in Beirut to assess progress and identify ways to

help.
"This is an attack on Lebanon's security.. on its foreign relations and on its stability." Foreign Minsiter Faris Bouez said. "No doubt the people who did this wanted to bring chaos back to the country.

He said Lebanon had made big effors to persuade the foreign diplomatic corps. especiallay the Jordanians, to return to Beirut after the killings and kidnapping that typified the 1980s. The seizure of Western

hostages by the pro-Iranian groups, headline news around the world, made much of Lebanon a no-go area for foreign investors. Foreign bankers and

Lebanese officials earlier this

billion share flotation by the Solidere company that will rebuild central Beirut as evidence that confidence and capital were rapidly returning to Lebanon. Since taking office 15 months ago, Mr. Hariri has

toring electrical power, telephones and other services. Mr. Hariri, a businessman whose fortune is estimated at 54 billion, has launched an ambitious programme to create local capital markets and win back Lebanon's role as a

stabilised the currency, re-

duced inflation, cut the

budget deficit and begun res-

Raymond Audi, president of the Lebanese Bankers' Association, said last week money was pouring into the country thanks to the confidence Hariri had created. It had received \$6.5 billion in net transfers from abroad

and a \$3 billion in private

investment since Mr. Hariri's

regional financial centre.

appointment, he said. Chronology of killings

Here is a chronology of key political figures and diplomats assassinted in Lebanon in recent years.

Sheikh Abbas Musawi. Secretary-general of the Iranian-backed Shi'ite Muslim Hizbollah, killed with wife, five-year-old son and five bodyguards Feb. 16, 1992, when Israeli helicopter gunships rocketed his motorcade in South Lebanon.

National Liberal Party

French Ambassador Louis

Christian leader Tony Franjieh, son of former President Suleiman Franjieh and rormer posts and telegraphs minister, killed with wife. daughter and 30 bodyguards June 13, 1978, in attack on summer villa in north Leba-

Druze leader Kamal Jumblatt. leader of Lebanon's Socialist Party, ambushed and killed by unidentified gunmen March 16, 1977, as he drove in Shouf Mountains. Jumblatt was highly critical of Syria, prime suspect in the

